

Database Inventory

Neighbourhood Change Research Partnership

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INTRODUCTION

Geography and Time Period

Data collection on cities and neighbourhoods began in 2005 with a 5-year SSHRC Community University Research Alliance (CURA) grant focused on Toronto with West Neighbourhood House (formerly St. Christopher House) as the lead community partner. The partnership was based at the Centre for Urban and Community Studies, University of Toronto (later renamed the Cities Centre). In 2012, a new 7-year SSHRC Partnership Grant was awarded to continue the neighbourhood change analysis nationally and internationally. With an expanded research agenda the Neighbourhood Change Research Partnership (NCRP), now housed at the University of Toronto's Factor-Inwentash Faculty of Social Work, expanded its data collection.

Data collection and organization from the Canadian Census (1971, 1981, 1991, 1996, 2001, and 2006) is mainly focused at the census tract level (a proxy for neighbourhoods), using various formats that facilitate mapping and analysis in a Geographic Information Systems (GIS).

The Census Metropolitan Areas the NCRP has focused its data collection on are: Halifax, Montréal, Ottawa, Toronto, Oshawa, Hamilton, Winnipeg, Calgary, Edmonton, and Vancouver. Some data is available for other Canadian CMAs. In addition, as the international comparative neighbourhood trend analysis of the NCRP develops, data on a number of major non-Canadian metropolitan areas will be collected with partners in those locations. We currently have income data for the Chicago Metropolitan Area (1970–2010) thanks to our partnership with the Nathalie P. Voorhees Center for Neighborhood and Community Improvement at the University of Illinois at Chicago.

A significant portion of the primary data has been acquired from the 1971 to 2006 Census Profile series via the UofT Data and Map Library Service and the Chass Census Analyzer. Some custom census tabulations have been purchased by the NCRP. This is supplemented by various other secondary noncensus datasets.

Due to the limited scope of the Census in 1976 and the absence of spatial data files for mapping purposes, there is no data stored for that year. Data from Census 1986 is sparse and seldom used as there is a very limited variable selection and some variable definitions are incompatible with data in other years (recent immigrant time periods for example are inconsistent). Some 1986 census boundary files (e.g., Calgary census tracts) are not useable without significant repairs.

Some CMAs have boundary and water alignment issues as the level of detail varies over time. Statistics Canada has not consistently clipped the boundaries to shorelines for every year 1971–2011 and in some years left lake hole polygons in the boundary files. There has been some geometric editing work done, particularly in Halifax, to improve the boundaries for cartographic presentation purposes over time.

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Much of the census data can also be studied at other scales such as Dissemination Areas, Census Subdivisions (municipalities), Forward Sortation Areas and individual households (microdata) but comparisons across time may be difficult or not possible due to changing boundaries, variable definitions and other factors.

The 2011 National Household Survey

The NCRP does include National Household Survey 2011 data tables in its inventory. However, it is seldom used due to concerns over the reliability of the estimates produced from non-random small samples (high non-response rates) and the lack of comparability to previous Censuses. Most research by the NCRP that relies on the census is, therefore, limited to 1971 to 2006.

We have carried out analyses of how NHS income data differs from that provided by the Canada Revenue Agency (taxfiler data). Our 2010 and beyond income analysis uses CRA data, not the NHS. See: http://neighbourhoodchange.ca/2014/11/07/nhs/

SUMMARY OF DATA ADDITIONS

Update Summary 03/30/2017

- Custom Rental Housing Data: Added longitudinal data (EO2497) 1981, 1996, 2006 for 15 CMAs.
- <u>Census Data:</u> Replaced Statistics Canada End Use Licence Agreement information with current Open Licence Agreement. Most data products can now be shared with anyone.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added 2010, 2011, 2016 data to Canada Annual Household Distribution Tables (AHDT) on Wealth, Net Worth by Income Quintile, 2012-2015.
- CMHC Housing Data: Added CMHC Canada Wealth, Net Worth by Tenure Data 1999-2012.
- Other Data Sources: Added Bank for International Settlements link for financial, debt data
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added mappable 2016 Airbnb listings for City of Toronto.
- Other Data Sources: Scholars Geoportal for access to historic census GIS data.
- Other Data Sources: Added link to OECD Affordable Housing Database.
- <u>Census Data</u>: Added Census 2016 Population and Dwelling Count Highlight Tables.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added Canada Survey of Household Spending Microdata 1997, CANSIM 2010-2015 data tables. Includes income quintiles and housing tenure variables.
- Census Data: Added Census 2016 GIS boundary files for various geographies.
- Secondary Data: Added various City of Toronto & CMA Labour Force Survey Tables 1987-2016.
- Other Data Sources: Added link to Metro Vancouver Regional Planning website.
- Secondary Data: Added Metro Vancouver Housing Data Book 2016.
- Secondary Data: Added MLS House Price Index data 2005-2016, few CMAs/regions.
- Secondary Data: Added Teranet House Price Index data 1990-2016, 11 CMAs.

Update Summary 12/16/2016

- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added Toronto Region Economic Bulletin data (includes House Sales/Prices)
 December 2016.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added Canada Annual Household Distribution Tables (AHDT) on Wealth, Net Worth by Income Quintile, 2012-2015.
- Secondary Data: Added Canada Unionization Rates by Industry, 1997-2015. CANSIM Table.
- Secondary Data: Added Canada Job Permanency by Industry, 1997-2015. CANSIM Table.
- Secondary Data: Added CMA Population Estimates by Age and Sex 2001-2015. CANSIM Table.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added Canada Household Debt, Mortgage and Consumer Credit, Disposable Income data 1961-2016. CANSIM Tables.

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- <u>Secondary Data</u>: Added Canada Mortgage Interest Rates 1951-2016 data. CANSIM Table.
- Secondary Data: Added Canada Mortgage Credit 1969-2016 data. CANSIM Table.
- Secondary Data: Added Canada Employment by Industry 1976-2015 data. CANSIM Table.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added Canada GDP by Industry 1997-2015 data. CANSIM Table.
- Secondary Data: Added monthly Canada Consumer Price Indexes, 1914-2016. CANSIM Table.
- CMHC Housing Data: Updated Housing Starts for CMAs to 2016 data. CANSIM Table.
- CMHC Housing Data: Added Average Rents for CMAs 1987-2016 data. CANSIM Table.
- CMHC Housing Data: Added Vacancy Rates for CMAs 1971-2016 data. CANSIM Table.
- Secondary Data: Added Geography-specific Top 1% Income Earners data to 2014. CANSIM Table.
- Secondary Data: Updated Canada's Top 1% Income Earners data to 2014. CANSIM Table.
- Revision to Custom Rental Housing Data EO2359: Affects Education by Age variable only.
- Secondary Data: Added City of Toronto Municipal Licensing & Investigation Activity, 2016 data.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added Residential Property Values for Canada, Provinces, CMAs 2005-2013.
- CMHC Housing Data: Added info to access Core Housing Need Data 2006 by Census Tracts.
- Other Data Sources: Added Ontario Health Profiles and Indicators resource.
- Secondary Data: Added Airbnb short-term rental data for City of Toronto for 2015.

Update Summary 05/06/2016

- Custom Rental Housing Data: Updated section to reflect the November 2015 data revision.
- Other Data Sources: Added link to the new Neptis GEOWEB mapping tool for Ontario GGH.
- GIS Data: Added City of Toronto Neighbourhood Improvement Areas (2014) GIS boundary shapefiles.
- Secondary Data: Added City of Toronto Licensed Day Care Centre Locations 2015.
- Secondary Data: Added City of Toronto Employment Survey Summary Tables for 2004–2014.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added "Head of Households" which is Ontario Works Social Assistance Data 2004–2015 for City of Toronto neighborhoods.
- GIS Data: Added Geospatial Data Inventory list 2015 held by Peel Region Data Centre.
- Secondary Data: The SimplyMap Canada GIS service returns to UofT, updated to 2015.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added Child Poverty 2013 Taxfiler data for Canada, Provinces, CMAs, Federal Ridings (old 2003 boundaries).
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added City of Toronto Police Annual Violent Crime Data 1998–2009 by Dissemination Areas and Census Tract (restricted access).
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Updated Gini Coefficient CANSIM Table for Canada to 2013. Updated "High Income Taxfilers in Canada" (Canada's top 1%) CANSIM Table to 2013. Updated Low-Income Rates in Canada CANSIM Table to 2013.

Update Summary 09/28/2015

- <u>Custom Rental Housing Data:</u> Added custom 2006 rental housing cross-tabulation EO2359 by census tracts. Large number of characteristics for renters, low income renters, high-rise apartment renters and others including types of home owners.
- <u>Secondary Data</u>: Updated Canada's Top 1% Income Earners data to 2012. CANSIM Table.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added five CMHC Rental Market Survey (RMS) Tables for October 2014. Covers
 units, vacancy rates, structure size, bedroom type, average rents for Canadian CSDs, RMS zones
 and CTs.
- Secondary Data: Added GINI Coefficient CANSIM Tables for Canada and Provinces 1976–2011.
- Secondary Data: Added CMHC RMS Survey Annual Data 1995–2014 for 10 CMAs including CTs.
- GIS Data: Added CMHC Rental Market Survey (RMS) Zone boundary shapefiles 2010–2015.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added CMHC Data on Housing Starts by Structural Type 1955–2014.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added CMHC Data on Canada Urban Areas Housing Starts by Structural Type and Market Type 1988–2014
- Census Data: Added FSA CSD CMA Area 2006 Correspondence File for Canada.
- GIS Data: Added City of Toronto Centreline File March 2015 for street address geocoding.
- <u>Census Data:</u> Added Federal Electoral Districts 2013 Representation Order GIS shapefiles. These are the revised ridings used in the 2015 federal election. Many ridings have changed boundaries and some have name changes.
- Census Data: Added a CT CSD CMA 2006 Correspondence File for Canada.

Update Summary 01/08/2015

- <u>Custom Taxfiler Data:</u> Added 2012 average taxfiler incomes by census tracts (2011 boundaries) for all CMAs in Canada. Same variables as 2010 data.
- <u>Custom Age 65+ & Disability Data:</u> Added cross-tabulated data of age (65 and over), sex, living arrangements by other characteristics, 1981 and 2006, all CTs in Canada. Also added is disability by age and sex 2006 only for CTs.
- <u>Custom Working Poor Data:</u> Added custom working poor taxfiler data (T1FF) for 2006 and 2012 (constant 2006 CT boundaries) for 17 CMAs in Canada.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added Core Housing Need Tables 2002–2012 from CMHC based on Survey of Labour Income Dynamics (SLID). Owners and renters, Canada, provinces, CMAs.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added inflation-adjusted minimum wages for Ontario and Quebec 1965 to 2014 from labour.gc.ca
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added federal government expenditures and revenues 1985 to 2014 from Finance Department www.fin.gc.ca

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- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics (SLID) public-use microdata file 2011 for Canada/CMAs. This is a voluntary survey with a small sample size.
- Secondary Data: Added 2013 list of rooming houses addresses in City of Toronto.
- <u>United States Census Data:</u> Added Chicago income data by census tracts decades 1970 to 2010 and various GIS boundary files from the United States Census/American Community Survey.
- <u>Census Data:</u> Added 1966–2011 Census Tract Correspondence Tables/Lists made by Statistics Canada. Each five-year period is a separate list, no single file listing every year 1966 to 2011.
- <u>Secondary/Other Data Resources</u>: Added more links to data from OECD, World Bank, CMHC Housing Portal, Canada Open Government and others.
- GIS Data: Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources Built-Up Area 2010 for Southern Ontario.

Update Summary 03/14/2014

- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added City of Toronto Homicide Location Data 1990–2013 from Toronto Star Interactive Crime Maps.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added Crime Counts 2006 by Type for Census Tracts 2006 in City of Toronto from Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added Crime Counts by Type 2004–2011 for City of Toronto's 140
 Neighbourhoods from Toronto Star Interactive Crime Maps.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added Canadian Business Patterns by Dissemination Area 2007–2011. Includes establishment counts by 6-digit NAICS codes and employment size ranges.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added After-Tax Median Incomes by Family Type 1976–2011 Data Table for Canada, Provinces, CMAs.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added Low Income Rates in Canada After-Tax 1976–2010 Data Table.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added Average Family Income Percentiles (Market Income and After-Tax Income) for Canada 1976–2004.
- GIS Data: Added GO Transit Bus Stop locations in the Greater Toronto Area from Metrolinx.

Update Summary 07/16/2013

- GIS Data: Added Niagara Escarpment and Oak Ridges Moraine features from Ontario Green Belt Plan 2005
- GIS Data: Added and updated Google General Transit Feed Data (transit stop points and service frequency) as of June/July 2013 for many Canadian cities. Data includes urban rapid transit, suburban rapid transit stops.

Update Summary 05/09/2013

- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added Household Income Expenditure Potential (HEP) 2012 data for all census tracts in Canada. Includes estimates on total and average household income and expenditures.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added data inventory list for Local IDEAs (Indicator Database for Economic Analysis).

Update Summary 04/23/2013

- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added Simplymap Canada Variable List 2013 for an online database and web
 mapping application available through the U of T Data Library. Hundreds of variables are
 available down to the dissemination area and census tract level that can be exported to
 statistical or GIS software. Major sections include Demographic Estimates and Projections,
 Household Expenditure Potential, D&B business point data and PRIZM consumer cluster system.
- <u>Secondary Data:</u> Added High Income Trends of Taxfilers in Canada (e.g. Top 1%) 1982–2010 data.

Update Summary 04/04/2013

- GIS Data: Added Boroughs of Montréal boundary file, 2011.
- GIS Data: Added Neighbourhood and Community boundaries data 2012 from DMTI which is different from census geography
- GIS Data: Added land use data 2005 and 2010 from DMTI for all provinces.
- GIS Data: Added Platinum Postal Code Suite 2012 from DMTI for all of Canada.
- <u>Custom Census Data</u>: Added Barrie, Windsor, Quebec City, Victoria, Saint Jonn CMA Working Poor Data 2001–2006

Update Summary 10/22/2012

- Primary Census Data: Updated census themes availability list with new 2011 census content
- <u>Census GIS Spatial Data:</u> Added census subdivision boundaries for 1971, constructed from list of census tracts in each municipality in the 1971 Geography Tape File
- <u>Custom Taxfiler Data:</u> Added taxfiler data files 2005, 2007, 2010 from Canada Revenue Agency for constant census tracts 2006 boundaries
- <u>Custom Census Data</u>: Added Custom Census Tenure Data for all Canada census tracts 2006. This
 cross-tabulated data has many characteristics about owners, condo owners and renter
 households.
- <u>Custom Census Data</u>: Added Winnipeg, Halifax, Ottawa, Kitchener CMA Working Poor Data 2001–2006
- Other Data Resources: Added link for Atlas of Suburbanisms
- Other Data Resources: Added link for FCM Quality of Life Reporting System database for Municipalities

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Update Summary 8/23/2012

- <u>Primary Census Data:</u> Added entire Census Tract Profiles Series 1971, 1981, 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006 for Calgary, Halifax, Winnipeg, Edmonton, Ottawa, Québec City CMAs.
- Primary Census Data: Added condo counts for all Canada census tracts 1981
- <u>Primary Census Data:</u> Added GIS census boundaries 1971–2011 for Calgary, Winnipeg, Halifax, Edmonton, Ottawa, Québec City CMAs.
- Custom Census Data: Added Calgary, Edmonton CMA Working Poor Data 2001–2006
- <u>GIS Data:</u> Added Google General Transit Feed Data (transit stop points and service frequency) as of June/July 2012 for Toronto, Montréal, Vancouver, Calgary, Edmonton, Winnipeg, Hamilton, Halifax, Ottawa, Québec City.
- GIS Data: CanMap Route Logistics Highways and Roads 2010, Alberta, B.C., Ontario, Manitoba, Québec, Nova Scotia. Extracted routes for all the major CMAs.
- Other Data Resources: Added link for Social Determinants of Health in Canada Database.

DATABASE OVERVIEW

Data Formats in Use

•	SPSS system files	.SAV	
•	Beyond 20/20 tables	.IVT	
•	MapInfo GIS tables	.TAB	
•	ArcGIS Shapefiles and Geodatabases	.SHP	.GDB
•	Dbase file	.DBF	
•	Excel workbooks	.XLS	.XLSX
•	Delimited Text files	.TXT	.CSV
•	Adobe Portal Document File	.PDF	

Database Capabilities

- **Data Extraction and Conversion:** extraction of data subsets by attributes and location, conversion of data from one file format to another, map projection conversions
- Geocoding: making data mappable through techniques such as spatial/relational joins, postal codes matching, street address matching, intersection matching, manual geocoding/digitizing
- Geoprocessing: linking/estimating/interpolating data from one geography to a different one;
 aggregating data over time to a constant set of boundaries, clipping boundaries to shorelines
- Data Analysis: cross-sectional and longitudinal analysis, summary statistics, spatial statistics, indices of inequality, polarization, concentration, segregation, diversity, cluster analysis, principal component analysis, linear and multiple regression
- Map and Graphic Design: location/base/reference maps, multi-variable thematic maps, 3D maps, animated GIF maps, charts/graphs for reports, publications, presentations, posters and website viewing.
- Web Mapping: geocoding and publishing/sharing of location data through ArcGIS.com and/or Google Map Fusion Tables. Note these free services are best for small, simple datasets.

Software Capabilities

- ArcGIS 10.3, ArcScene 3D, ArcGlobe plus extensions
- Geospatial Modelling Environment
- MapInfo Professional 7.8
- SPSS 24 including syntax programming
- Beyond 20/20
- Microsoft Office 2016
- Adobe Acrobat XI Professional
- GIMP 2.8 Image Manipulation Program

Major Online Data Resources

- University of Toronto Data Library: http://chass.utoronto.ca/datalib
- University of Toronto Maps, Geospatial Data and GIS Library: http://mdl.library.utoronto.ca/map-gis-home
- CHASS Census Analyzer including microdata (self-serve downloads): http://dc.chass.utoronto.ca/census/
- Scholar's Geoportal for historical Census and other GIS data: http://geo2.scholarsportal.info/
- Statistics Canada: http://www.statcan.gc.ca
- Canadian Socioeconomic Database (CANSIM) http://www5.statcan.gc.ca/cansim

PRIMARY DATA HOLDINGS: CANADA CENSUS TIME SERIES

Open Licence Agreement replaces the End Use Licence Agreement, see the frequently asked question and answers at:

http://www.statcan.gc.ca/eng/reference/licence-faq

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Data Restrictions: The only Statistics Canada data products that we have that are restricted to the university community are 1) Postal products such as the Postal Code Conversion File and 2) Census Public Use Microdata (PUMF) and other survey microdata files. Non-academic users must purchase these from Statistics Canada if they wish to use them.

Census Geography - GIS Spatial Data

The following are available for all of Canada unless otherwise noted in Shapefile and/or MapInfo formats:

- NEW Aggregate Dissemination Areas (ADA) geography Census 2016 they are bigger than DA's, generally bigger than single CTs and smaller than CSDs and they cover the whole country.
- Census Tract 1951 Reference Maps scanned images PDF file (not in GIS format)
- Census Tract boundary files 1971–2016 (only exist within CMAs)
- Census Tract 1961 identifiers assigned to CT 2001 boundaries for Montréal, Toronto, Vancouver central city areas to enable mapping of 1961 percentages/averages/ratios and change with other years. Geocoded by R. Maaranen from scanned reference maps.
- Census Division boundaries (upper-tier regional municipalities) 1971–2016
- Census Subdivision boundaries (lower-tier local municipalities) 1971–2016, note that 1971 boundaries are constructed from census tracts from the list in the 1971 Geography Tape File
- Census Metropolitan Area boundaries 1971–2016
- Enumeration Area centroids 1981 and boundaries 1991 and 1996
- Dissemination Area boundaries 2001–2016
- Forward Sortation Areas 1996–2016

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- Postal Code Conversion Files: point locations with 2006 Census geography codes (restricted)
- Road Network Files 2006, 2011 Statistics Canada
- Road Network Files 2011–2016, Geobase www.geobase.ca
- Federal Electoral Districts, representation orders for 1976, 1987, 1991, 1996, 2003, 2013

Census Boundary Correspondence Files:

- Census Tract Correspondence Files by Statistics Canada. Lists that show each five year period 1966 to 2011 separately the CTs that had boundaries subdivided/modified. There is no single file that has all the years lined up side-by-side.
- Postal Code Conversion Files (PCCF) by Statistics Canada. Restricted Access. For each six character postal code, this gives the corresponding Census geography identifier (DA, CT, CSD, etc).
 - http://data.library.utoronto.ca/content/postal-code-conversion-file
- Forward Sortation Area (FSA) Census Subdivision (CSD) Census Metropolitan Area (CMA) 2006
 Correspondence FIle. Created by Richard to assign each FSA in Canada to one CSD and one CMA
 where possible based on FSA centroid locations within CSD boundaries.
- Census Tract (CT) Census Subdivision (CSD) Census Metropolitan Area (CMA) 2006
 Correspondence File. Created by Richard to assign each CT in Canada to one CSD and one CMA where possible based on CT centroid locations within CSD boundaries.
- Census Tract (CT) Boundary Correspondence File 1981 versus 2006. Created by Richard. For each
 CT as of 2006, it indicates what the CT identifier was for 1981 and the type of relationship: exact
 match (identifier is the same), parent (the CT was subdivided after 1981), or orphan (the CT is
 newly created with no 1981 parent).

Census 2016 Topics - Data Products

Population and Dwelling Count Highlight Tables. Various large and small geographies. Includes
population count 2016 (private and collective dwellings combined), population count 2011,
population percent change 2011-2016, total private dwellings 2016 (sum of usual residents,
non-usual residents and unoccupied), private dwellings occupied by usual residents 2016, land
area 2016, population density per sq km 2016.

Major Themes and Time Period of Availability

The Census 2006 Dictionary is a valuable resource for finding data availability organized by theme/variable. For each theme/variable, it indicates the census years the data was reported and any important definition changes made over time. Appendix A is a list of Census questions asked each year. The dictionary is available as a webpage and PDF file here: http://www12.statcan.ca/census-recensement/2006/ref/dict/index-eng.cfm

Also check the variable list in the CHASS Census Analzyer for each year: http://dc.chass.utoronto.ca/census/

The following section will summarize the major census data holdings of the NCRP (including custom data) organized by time period of availability, from earliest year to the most recent, and indicate important points about geography and data definitions. This is not an exhaustive list.

Geography Note: if geography is not stated in this section then assume data is most likely stored for Montréal, Toronto, Oshawa, Hamilton, Vancouver, Calgary, Edmonton, Halifax, Winnipeg, Quebec City, Ottawa CMAs census tracts only at this time and can usually be downloaded for other CMAs as needed

1951

 Metro Toronto (current City of Toronto boundary) census tract data, no GIS boundary file. Small variable list.

1961–2006 Note: 1961 mappable only for Montréal, Toronto, Vancouver central city areas

- Housing Tenure (owners and renters)
- Immigrants and Recent Immigrants (recent immigrant time period not consistent over time)

1961–2011 Note: census 2011 reduced to short-form variables only

- Population, Private Occupied Dwellings (same as private households) and Persons Per Dwelling/Household
- Age and Sex
- Households by Size
- Marital Status
- Dwelling Types

1971-2001

Religion: 1971,1991,2001 only and may not be directly comparable

1971-2006

- Mobility Status: Moved in Previous 5 Years and Non-Movers
- Mother Tongue Language (not all categories comparable over time). Much more detail in 2006.
- Ethnicity/Race: Chinese, Black, Italian, Polish, Jewish, Portuguese, French, German, British population. **Note:** increase in reporting of multiple origins instead of single origin in the past makes ethnicity difficult to compare over time. In 2006, there are 222 ethnic groups available.
- Persons 15 and over with a University Degree
- Occupations: Custom 5-Occupation Groups: White Collar, Blue Collar, Artists, Sales/Service,
 Other. Note: Secretaries/clerical can be separated from "other" if requested.
- Occupations: Custom 9-Occupation groups, two options, tenuous estimates.
- Industry of employment: Custom 16-Industry groups, tenuous estimates.
- Persons (15 and Over) Unemployed and Youth (15 to 24 Years) Unemployed
- Labour force participation rates
- Persons Self-Employed
- Average Monthly Rents and Dwelling Values
- Average Individual Income, Employment Income and Household Incomes
- Custom Household Income Data: Households by income ranges (12 inflation-adjusted ranges in increments of \$10,000 held constant between CMAs) for Census Tracts in 23 CMAs for years 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, 2005.

1971-2011

Single parent families, Husband-Wife families

1981-2006

- **Population Below the Low-Income Cutoff (LICO). Note**: Reporting group varies depending on year: all persons, families, unattached individuals.
- Census Public Use Microdata (PUMS): anonymous records of individuals and households, major CMAs in Canada. Restricted to university community. Data reported at national, provincial, CMA-level only. Note: There are 13 comparable CMAs 1981–2001 but only 5 of those are available in the 2006 new "hierarchical" microdata file.

 Custom Housing Tenure Data including Condos: Socio-Economic Characteristics, Shelter Costs, Dwelling Condition (repair need) of Owners non-condo, Condo owners and Renters at the CT level in Montréal, Toronto, Vancouver CMAs Only 1981, 1991, 2001. Data for 2006 expanded to all Canada census tracts. Data for 2006 expanded to include mortgage cross-tabs. Includes crosstab of income, rents, dwelling values by periods of construction. Note: the Census cannot distinguish between rented condos and rented non-condos, they are lumped together as rental.

1991-2006

 Housing in Canada (HiCO) Database by CMHC with Statistics Canada from the Census. Highly detailed cross-tabulated data in IVT format on housing for CMAs, and some large CDs and CSDs. Includes incomes of owners and renter, shelter costs, core housing need and many other variables for each year 1991, 1996, 2001, 2006. Publically available on http://www.cmhc.ca under Library -> Canadian Housing Observer.

1996-2001

 Metropolis Core Data Tables about Immigrants by CERIS: highly detailed cross-tabulated data on immigrants, various geographies across Canada including census tracts for some variables. Access to 2006 data tables requires a research proposal submitted to CERIS by accredited researchers, see: http://www.ceris.metropolis.net/

1996-2006

- Visible minority status/groups
- Commuting Mode of Transportation
- Persons who do Unpaid Work such as housework or care for seniors
- Dwelling condition (need for repairs)

2001

Custom Ethnicity/Visible Minority Group Data: Detailed characteristics of various ethnic and visible minority groups. Toronto CMA Custom Residential Zones (63 zones and 34 subzones which are groups of census tracts). Year 2001 only.

2001-2006

 Special Interest Profiles: highly detailed CMA-level cross-tabulated data on specific topics such as Ethnic Origin and Visible Minorities; Immigration and Place of Birth; Occupation and Industry. Many variables are comparable between 2001–2006 but some are not. Data table list 2001: http://datalib.chass.utoronto.ca/cc01/sit01.htm

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Data table list 2006: http://datalib.chass.utoronto.ca/cc06/sip06.htm

Place of Work and Commuting Flows: Number of jobs and selected job characteristics (e.g.
industry, occupation, wages) by census tract and census subdivision place of work. Place of work
data only reported for persons with a fixed workplace address

Data table list 2001: http://datalib.chass.utoronto.ca/cc01/bct01.htm#pow
Data table list 2006:. http://datalib.chass.utoronto.ca/cc06/tbt06 custom.htm

• Custom Working Poor Census Data from John Stapleton and Metcalf Foundation:

Characteristics of working poor, non-working poor, non-working non-poor, working non-poor groups for census tracts and census subdivisions in Montréal, Toronto, Vancouver, Calgary, Edmonton, Winnipeg, Halifax, Ottawa, Kitchener CMAs census 2001 and 2006.

2006

- After-Tax Incomes: Average, median, individual, household, employment, before-tax, after-tax all available in 2006 census profile series for various geographies.
- Number of Dwellings With/Without a Mortgage by Tenure (Owned condo and non-condo)

United States Census Data

Note: United States Census became the American Community Survey in 2010.

Chicago Metropolitan Statistical Area:

- U.S. Census user guides, data dictionary
- Census tract GIS Boundaries 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, 2010
- City and Place GIS Boundaries 1980, 1990, 2010
- City Neighbourhoods/Community Areas GIS Boundaries 2010
- County Boundaries 2010
- Major highways and rapid transit lines
- Census Tract average incomes and total population 1970 to 2010
- Census Tract Race and Ethnicity data 2010

CUSTOM CENSUS DATA HOLDINGS

Custom Age 65+ Data 1981 and 2006 and Disability Data 2006

Data Reference Number: EO2228

Geography: Census Tracts in all CMAs plus the CMA totals Age/Sex/Living Arrangements: census tracts 1981 and 2006 Disability Age/Sex: census tracts 2006 only (this is a separate file)

Format: Beyond 20/20 IVT Tables

Data Quality Notes:

- 1. Low, Middle, High income population counts did not turn out as intended. The low income persons count is too high, includes persons under 15 years of age. Statistics Canada tells us the data cannot be properly adjusted by subtracting the under 15 population from the low income population total.
- 2. Some variable combinations for population 65 plus were overlooked (e.g. alone/couple by owned/rented) but these can still be obtained by adding together 65-79 and 80+ population subtotals.
- 3. Housing condition, affordability variables could not be produced by Statistics Canada for this dataset, there is a conflict between the person universe and housing universe.
- 4. Visible minority counts in 1981 (derived by Statistics Canada from place of birth, ethnic origin and mother tongue) are very small and of limited use at the CT level. For more information on Visible Minority Historical Comparability see:
 - http://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2006/ref/rp-guides/visible minority-minorites_visibles-eng.cfm
- 5. Disability status started in census 1986 and definition has changed over time so only 2006 was purchased.

Variables in Age 65 and Over - Profile A Dimension (crosstabulated by Profile B)

- 1. Total Population in Private Households
- Age 65 and over: Total
 Age 65 to 79: Total
 Age 80 and over: Total

5. Male: Total6. Female: Total7. Living Alone: Total

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- 8. Living as a Couple: Total
- 9. Living in Owned Dwelling: Total
- 10. Living in Rented Dwelling: Total
- 11. Age 65 and Over: Male
- 12. Age 65 and Over: Female
- 13. Age 65 to 79: Male
- 14. Age 65 to 79: Female
- 15. Age 80 and Over: Male
- 16. Age 80 and Over: Female
- 17. Age 65 and Over: Owned Dwelling
- 18. Age 65 and Over: Rented Dwelling
- 19. Age 65 to 79: Owned Dwelling
- 20. Age 65 to 79: Rented Dwelling
- 21. Age 80 and Over: Owned Dwelling
- 22. Age 80 and Over: Rented Dwelling
- 23. Age 65 and Over: Male: Living Alone
- 24. Age 65 and Over: Male: Living as a Couple
- 25. Age 65 and Over: Female: Living Alone
- 26. Age 65 and Over: Female: Living as a Couple
- 27. Age 65 to 79: Male: Living Alone
- 28. Age 65 to 79: Male: Living as a Couple
- 29. Age 65 to 79: Female: Living Alone
- 30. Age 65 to 79: Female: Living as a Couple
- 31. Age 80 and Over: Male: Living Alone
- 32. Age 80 and Over: Male: Living as a Couple
- 33. Age 80 and Over: Female: Living Alone
- 34. Age 80 and Over: Female: Living as a Couple
- 35. Age 65 and Over: Male: Living Alone: Rented Dwelling
- 36. Age 65 and Over: Male: Living as a Couple: Owned Dwelling
- 37. Age 65 and Over: Female: Living Alone: Rented Dwelling
- 38. Age 65 and Over: Female: Living as a Couple: Owned Dwelling
- 39. Age 65 to 79: Male: Living Alone: Owned Dwelling
- 40. Age 65 to 79: Male: Living as a Couple: Rented Dwelling
- 41. Age 65 to 79: Female: Living Alone: Owned Dwelling
- 42. Age 65 to 79: Female: Living as a Couple: Rented Dwelling
- 43. Age 80 and Over: Male: Living Alone: Owned Dwelling
- 44. Age 80 and Over: Male: Living as a Couple: Rented Dwelling
- 45. Age 80 and Over: Female: Living Alone: Owned Dwelling
- 46. Age 80 and Over: Female: Living as a Couple: Rented Dwelling

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Variables in Age 65 and Over - Profile B Dimension (crosstabulated by Profile A)

- 1. Total Highest certificate, diploma or degree
- 2. Less than High School (population age 15 and over)
- 3. Completed High School or Higher (population age 15 and over)
- 4. Total Persons with Income
- 5. Total Persons with Low Income (Income is Below 80% of the CMA Average Income)
- 6. Total Persons with Middle Income (Income is 80% to 119.9% of the CMA Average Income)
- 7. Total Persons with High Income (Income is 120% or more of the CMA Average Income)
- 8. Average Individual Income (\$)
- 9. Median Individual Income (\$)
- 10. Average Household Income (\$)
- 11. Median Household Income (\$)
- 12. Percentage of Income from Government Sources
- 13. Total Population by language spoken most often at home
- 14. English
- 15. French
- 16. Non-official language
- 17. Total Ethnic origin
- 18. British Isles origins
- 19. French origins
- 20. Aboriginal origins
- 21. Caribbean origins
- 22. Latin, Central and South American origins
- 23. European origins
- 24. African origins
- 25. South Asian origins
- 26. East and Southeast Asian origins
- 27. West Asian origins
- 28. Total Immigrant status and period of immigration
- 29. Non-immigrants
- 30. Immigrants
- 31. Recent Immigrant (arrived previous 5 years)
- 32. Total Population by visible minority groups
- 33. Non-visible minority population
- 34. Visible minority population
- 35. Chinese
- 36. South Asian
- 37. Black
- 38. Other

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Disability - Age and Sex Variables:

- 1. Total Population
- 2. Total Age groups
- 3. Age 0 to 25 years
- 4. Age 26 to 49 years
- 5. Age 50 to 64 years
- 6. Age 65 to 79 years
- 7. Age 80 years and over
- 8. Male Population
- 9. Total Age groups
- 10. Age 0 to 25 years
- 11. Age 26 to 49 years
- 12. Age 50 to 64 years
- 13. Age 65 to 79 years
- 14. Age 80 years and over
- 15. Female Population
- 16. Total Age groups
- 17. Age 0 to 25 years
- 18. Age 26 to 49 years
- 19. Age 50 to 64 years
- 20. Age 65 to 79 years
- 21. Age 80 years and over

Disability - Activity Variables:

- 1. Total Activity Difficulties
- 2. Persons with activity difficulties/reductions
- 3. Persons without activity difficulties/reductions
- 4. Not stated

Custom Household Income Data 1970-2005

Data Reference Number: E982, EO1171

Geography: Census Tracts in 23 CMAs plus the CMA totals

Years: 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, 2005 (income reported for year previous to census)

Notes: All years (including 2005) have the same number of income ranges in equivalent/constant year 2000 dollars (data was first purchased prior to census 2006). Ranges do not vary between CMAs.

Format: Beyond 20/20 IVT Tables

Variables:

- 1. Total Households #
 - a. Median Household income \$
 - b. Average Household income \$

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- 2. Total Households with income \$0 and over
 - a. Average Household income \$
- 3. \$0 \$9,999 Total Households #
 - a. Average Household income \$0 \$9,999
- 4. \$10,000 \$19,999 Total Households #
 - a. Average Household income \$10,000 \$19,999
- 5. \$20,000 \$29,999 Total Households #
 - a. Average Household income \$20,000 \$29,999
- 6. \$30,000 \$39,999 Total Households #
 - a. Average Household income \$30,000 \$39,999
- 7. \$40,000 \$49,999 Total Households #
 - a. Average Household income \$40,000 \$49,999
- 8. \$50,000 \$59,999 Total Households #
 - a. Average Household Income \$50,000 \$59,999
- 9. \$60,000 \$69,999 Total Households #
 - a. Average Household income \$60,000 \$69,999
- 10. \$70,000 \$79,999 Total Households #
 - a. Average Household income \$70,000 \$79,999
- 11. \$80,000 \$89,999 Total Households #
 - a. Average Household income \$80,000 \$89,999
- 12. \$90,000 \$99,999 Total Households #
 - a. Average Household income \$90,000 \$99,999
- 13. \$100,000 and over Total Households #
 - a. Average Household income \$100,000 and over
- 14. \$100,000 \$199,999 Total Households #
 - a. Average Household income \$100,000 \$199,999
- 15. \$200,000 and over Total Households #
 - a. Average Household income \$200,000 and over

Custom Housing Tenure Data 1981–2006

Data Reference Number: E985, EO1790

Geography: Census Tracts in Montréal, Toronto, Vancouver CMAs only plus the CMA totals

Years: 1981, 1991, 2001. Data expanded to all Canada Census Tracts in 2006 ONLY.

Format: Beyond 20/20 IVT Tables

Notes

- 1) the Census cannot distinguish between rented condos and rented non-condos, they are lumped together as rental. Tenure based on occupancy.
- 2) Number of bedrooms starts in 1991.

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- 3) The 2006 file has commuting distance and mode of transportation included as new variables.
- 4) The 2006 file separates owners and condo owners by the presence of a mortgage (with or without). Data fields in 2006 may need to be aggregated to be comparable to previous years.
- 5) In each year, the Tenure Dimension by Characteristics Dimension can be cross-tabulated.
- 6) Duplexes are not a separate category but are part of the residual variable "Other structural types".

Variables in the Tenure Dimension (example from 2001 file):

- 1. Total Dwellings Tenure
 - a. Owned Owned
 - i. Part of a condominium Owned
 - ii. Not part of a condominium Owned
 - b. Rented (includes condos that are rented)

Variables in the Characteristics Dimension (example from 2001 file):

- 1. Total Tenure
- 2. Total Period of Construction
 - a. Average Household total income \$
- 3. Period of construction, before 1946
 - a. Average Household total income \$
- 4. Period of construction, 1946–1960
 - a. Average Household total income \$
- 5. Period of construction, 1961–1970
 - a. Average Household total income \$
- 6. Period of construction, 1971–1980
 - a. Average Household total income \$
- 7. Period of construction, 1981–1990
 - a. Average Household total income \$
- 8. Period of construction, 1991–2001
 - a. Average Household total income \$
- 9. Total Period of construction (non-farm, non-reserve dwellings)
 - a. Average Value of dwelling \$
 - b. Average Rent monthly cash \$
- 10. Period of construction, before 1946
 - a. Average Value of dwelling \$
 - b. Average Rent monthly cash \$
- 11. Period of construction, 1946–1960
 - a. Average Value of dwelling \$
 - b. Average Rent monthly cash \$
- 12. Period of construction, 1961–1970
 - a. Average Value of dwelling \$
 - b. Average Rent monthly cash \$

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- 13. Period of construction, 1971–1980
 - a. Average Value of dwelling \$
 - b. Average Rent monthly cash \$
- 14. Period of construction, 1981–1990
 - a. Average Value of dwelling \$
 - b. Average Rent monthly cash \$
- 15. Period of construction 1991-2001
 - a. Average Value of dwelling \$
 - b. Average Rent monthly cash \$
- 16. Average Total income \$ Person is primary maintainer
- 17. Male Person is primary maintainer
- 18. Female Person is primary maintainer
- 19. 18 24 Person is primary maintainer
- 20. 25 34 Person is primary maintainer
- 21. 35 44 Person is primary maintainer
- 22. 45 64 Person is primary maintainer
- 23. 65 and over Person is primary maintainer
- 24. Born in Canada Person is primary maintainer
- 25. Total Immigrants Born outside Canada Person is primary maintainer
- 26. before 1961 Outside Canada Person is primary maintainer
- 27. 1961 1970 Outside Canada Person is primary maintainer
- 28. 1971 1980 Outside Canada Person is primary maintainer
- 29. 1981 1990 Outside Canada Person is primary maintainer
- 30. 1991 1996 Outside Canada Person is primary maintainer
- 31. 1997 2001 Outside Canada Person is primary maintainer
- 32. Non-movers Person is primary maintainer
- 33. Movers Person is primary maintainer
- 34. Non-migrants Person is primary maintainer
- 35. Migrants Person is primary maintainer
- 36. Internal migrants Person is primary maintainer
- 37. Intraprovincial migrants Person is primary maintainer
- 38. Interprovincial migrants Person is primary maintainer
- 39. External migrants Person is primary maintainer
- 40. Average Household total income \$
- 41. Average(Number of persons in household)
- 42. Average(Rooms, number of)
- 43. Average(Bedrooms, number of)
- 44. Total Private Households (non-farm, non-reserve, with household income)
 - a. more than 30% of income on shelter
 - b. Average Household total income \$ more than 30% of income on shelter
 - c. Average Value of dwelling \$ more than 30% of income on shelter

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- d. Average Rent monthly cash \$ more than 30% of income on shelter
- e. more than 50% of income on shelter
- f. Average Household total income \$ more than 50% of income on shelter
- g. Average Value of dwelling \$ more than 50% of income on shelter
- h. Average Rent monthly cash \$ more than 50% of income on shelter
- 45. Regular maintenance only
- 46. Minor repairs
- 47. Major repairs
- 48. Single-detached house
- 49. Semi-detached house
- 50. Row house
- 51. Apartment, building that has five or more storeys
- 52. Apartment, building that has fewer than five storeys
- 53. One Family households with at least one child less than 18 years old
- 54. One Family households with no children or no children less than 18
- 55. Multiple Family households
- 56. Non-family households one person only
- 57. Non-Family households two or more persons

Custom Rental Housing Data, Longitudinal Geography 1981–2006

Data Reference Number: EO2497

These files expand on and succeed EO2395. Same variables but with more CMAs, more years and a longitudinal geography.

Geography: all census tracts in 15 CMAs: St. John's, Halifax, Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa – Gatineau (Ottawa – Hull), Oshawa, Toronto, Hamilton, Winnipeg, Regina, Saskatoon, Calgary, Edmonton, Vancouver, Victoria. Plus one row for City of Toronto (census division) totals. Census Tract boundaries are constant Census 2006 for 1981, 1996, 2006 data.

Format: Beyond 20/20 IVT Table (multi-dimensional)

Size of Data Cross-Tabulation:

2006: 22 tenure variables x 390 demographic variables = 8,580 total variables x 3,834 geographies 1996: 22 tenure variables x 370 demographic variables = 8,140 total variables x 3,805 geographies 1981: 22 tenure variables x 369 demographic variables = 8,118 total variables x 3,581 geographies

EO2497 Data Quality Notes:

- 1. EDUCATION of persons age 25 to 64 is available in all three years 1981, 1996, 2006. Education of persons age 15 and over only appears in the 2006 file.
- 2. INCOME SOURCE TYPES in the 1981 file differs from 1996 and 2006. Specific types such as OAS, GIS, Pension Plans are not available separately in 1981 and have to be combined.

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- 3. PRIMARY HOUSEHOLD MAINTAINERS. In Census 1981, only one persons could be counted as PHM. For Census 1996 and 2006 situation in which two persons contribute to housing expenses equally, Statistics Canada chooses the first person listed by the respondent as PHM. The Census dictionary says that comparisons using PHM with 1981 can still be carried out.
- 4. PERSONS PER ROOM variable appears in EO2497 1981-2006 instead of "bedrooms" which is not available back to 1981. Persons per bedroom is available in custom tabulation EO1790 for 2006 but only for 8 CMAs. This means that the Rental Housing Disadvantage Index (RHDI) which uses persons per bedroom cannot be replicated the same for 1996 and 1981. We will have to add persons per bedroom as a new variable to the 2016 tabulation of EO2497 in order to replicate the RHDI for 2016.
- 5. SHELTER COSTS in Census 1981 had to exclude on-reserve dwellings in order to be comparable with 1996 and 2006. Regular Census 1981 published data includes on-reserve dwellings.
- 6. OCCUPATIONS total include persons under 15. Therefore, occupation percentages should use the sum of occupation groups A to J as the correct denominator of persons 15 and over.
- 7. OCCUPATIONS in the 2006 file is the 2006 National Occupation Classification (NOC). Occupations in the 1996 file is the 1991 Standard Occupation Classification (SOC). Occupations in the 1981 file is based on the concordance of Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) 1980 to Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) 1991.
- 8. OCCUPATIONS in 1981 has the category "not applicable, not classified" which means it is a mix of persons who are unemployed, who have never worked and an unknown number of people with occupations that do not fit in the A to J groups. In 1996 and 2006, the label only reads "not applicable". It is unknown if this count includes jobs not classified in 1996 and 2006.
- 9. LABOUR FORCE ACTIVITY. Note that full time and part time status based on number of weeks worked in 2005. Total labour force, employed, unemployed and not in the labour force based on status one week prior to Census day 2006.
- 10. VISIBLE MINORITY STATUS was not asked in Census 1981. Statistics Canada has derived this data from responses to questions on place of birth, ethnic origin, and language.
- 11. ABORIGINAL IDENTITY is not available in Census 1981 directly. It is derived from the 1981 Census variables: "Native Peoples population" and "Household maintainer." See IVT file for more information.
- 12. Some variable labels may differ a little bit between file years but the variables are the same (except for income sources and occupation differences noted above).
- 13. Note that only 93% of CTs in 2006 can be traced back to 1981. The others were suppressed for small populations or data quality reasons.

EO2497 (2006) - Variables in the Housing Tenure Dimension (22):

- 1. St.John's CMA Low-income renter (Household income is below 1/2 of St. John's CMA Median Household Income (owners & renters))
- 2. Halifax CMA Low-income renter (Household income is below 1/2 of Halifax CMA Median Household Income (owners & renters))
- 3. Quebec CMA Low-income renter (Household income is below 1/2 of Quebec CMA Median Household Income (owners & renters))

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- 4. Montreal CMA Low-income renter (Household income is below 1/2 of Montreal CMA Median Household Income (owners & renters))
- 5. Ottawa-Gatineau CMA Low-income renter (Household income is below 1/2 of Ottawa-Gatineau CMA Median Household Income (owners & renters))
- 6. Oshawa CMA Low-income renter (Household income is below 1/2 of Oshawa CMA Median Household Income (owners & renters))
- 7. Toronto CMA Low-income renter (Household income is below 1/2 of Toronto CMA Median Household Income (owners & renters))
- 8. Hamilton CMA Low-income renter (Household income is below 1/2 of Hamilton CMA Median Household Income (owners & renters))
- 9. Winnipeg CMA Low-income renter (Household income is below 1/2 of Winnipeg CMA Median Household Income (owners & renters))
- 10. Regina CMA Low-income renter (Household income is below 1/2 of Regina CMA Median Household Income (owners & renters))
- 11. Saskatoon CMA Low-income renter (Household income is below 1/2 of Saskatoon CMA Median Household Income (owners & renters))
- 12. Calgary CMA Low-income renter (Household income is below 1/2 of Calgary CMA Median Household Income (owners & renters))
- 13. Edmonton CMA Low-income renter (Household income is below 1/2 of Edmonton CMA Median Household Income (owners & renters))
- 14. Vancouver CMA Low-income renter (Household income is below 1/2 of Vancouver CMA Median Household Income (owners & renters))
- 15. Victoria CMA Low-income renter (Household income is below 1/2 of Victoria CMA Median Household Income (owners & renters))
- 16. High-rise apartment Renter (Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys)
- 17. Low-rise apartment Renter (Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys)
- 18. Rented
- 19. Single or semi-detached Owned by a member of the household
- 20. High-rise and low-rise Owned by a member of the household
- 21. Owned by a member of the household
- 22. Total housing tenure

EO2497 (2006) - Variables in the Demographics Dimension (390):

- 1. Age 15+ (PHM)
- 2. Total-Structural type of dwelling
- 3. Single and Semi-detached house
- 4. Single-detached house
- 5. High-rise apartment (Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys)
- 6. Low-rise apartment (Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys)
- 7. Other
- 8. Apartment/flat in a duplex
- 9. Row house
- 10. Average number of persons in household
- 11. Spending 30% or more of household income on housing costs
- 12. Spending 50% or more of household income on housing costs

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- 13. Yes, major repairs are needed
- 14. Total Period of construction
- 15. Built 1945 or before
- 16. Built 1946 to 1960
- 17. Built 1961 to 1980
- 18. Built 1981 or after
- 19. Built 2001-2006
- 20. Total Primary Household Maintainer (PHM) Age
- 21. Total PHM-Under Age 25
- 22. Total PHM-25 to 44 years
- 23. Total PHM-45 to 64 years
- 24. Total PHM-65 years and over
- 25. PHM Male-Total-Age
- 26. PHM Male-Under Age 25
- 27. PHM Male-25 to 44 years
- 28. PHM Male-45 to 64 years
- 29. PHM Male-65 years and over
- 30. PHM Female-Total-Age
- 31. PHM Female-Under Age 25
- 32. PHM Female-25 to 44 years
- 33. PHM Female-44 to 64 years
- 34. PHM Female-65 years and over
- 35. Total Household type
- 36. 2-Parent family
- 37. Lone parent family
- 38. Female Lone parent family
- 39. Couple without children
- 40. Multiple-family households
- 41. Non-family households: One person only
- 42. Non-family households: One person only, female
- 43. Non-family households: One person only, male
- 44. Average gross rent
- 45. Average owners major payment
- 46. Household in St. John's CMA pays rent <80% of Average St. John's CMA rent
- 47. Household in St. John's CMA pays rent <50% of Average St. John's CMA rent
- 48. Household in St. John's CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of Average St. John's CMA rent
- 49. Household in St. John's CMA pays rent >120% of Average St. John's CMA rent
- 50. Household in St. John's CMA pays rent >150% of Average St. John's CMA rent
- 51. Household in St. John's CMA pays Owner costs < 80% of Average St. John's CMA Owner costs
- 52. Household in St. John's CMA pays Owner Costs <50% of Average St. John's CMA Owner Costs
- 53. Household in St. John's CMA pays Owner Costs 80% to 120% of Average St. John's CMA Owner Costs

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- 54. Household in St. John's CMA pays Owner Costs >120% of Average St. John's CMA Owner Costs
- 55. Household in St. John's CMA pays Owner costs >150% of Average St. John's CMA Owner costs
- 56. St. John's CMA Household income Below 1/2 of St. John's CMA Median Household income
- 57. St. John's CMA Household income has 1/2 of St. John's CMA Median Household income to St. John's CMA Median Household Income
- 58. St. John's CMA Household income is Above St. John's CMA Median Household income
- 59. St. John's CMA Household income is > 150% of St. John's CMA Median Household Income
- 60. Household Income, Household is in St. John's CMA
- 61. Household in Halifax CMA pays rent < 80% of Average Halifax CMA Rent
- 62. Household in Halifax CMA pays rent <50% of Average Halifax CMA rent
- 63. Household in Halifax CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of Average Halifax CMA rent
- 64. Household in Halifax CMA pays rent >120% of Average Halifax CMA rent
- 65. Household in Halifax CMA pays rent >150% of Average Halifax CMA rent
- 66. Household in Halifax CMA pays Owner costs < 80% of Average Halifax CMA Owner costs
- 67. Household in Halifax CMA pays Owner costs <50% of Average Halifax CMA rent
- 68. Household in Halifax CMA pays Owner costs 80% to 120% of Average Halifax CMA rent
- 69. Household in Halifax CMA pays Owner costs >120% of Average Halifax CMA rent
- 70. Household in Halifax CMA pays Owner costs >150% of Average Halifax CMA Owner costs
- 71. Halifax CMA Household income Below 1/2 of Halifax CMA Median Household income
- 72. Halifax CMA Household income has 1/2 of Halifax CMA Median Household income to Halifax CMA Median Household Income
- 73. Halifax CMA Household income is Above Halifax CMA Median Household income
- 74. Halifax CMA Household income is > 150% of Halifax CMA Median Household income
- 75. Household Income, Household is in Halifax CMA
- 76. Household in Quebec CMA pays rent < 80% of Average Quebec CMA Rent
- 77. Household in Quebec CMA pays rent <50% of Average Quebec CMA rent
- 78. Household in Quebec CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of Average Quebec CMA rent
- 79. Household in Quebec CMA pays rent >120% of Average Quebec CMA rent
- 80. Household in Quebec CMA pays rent >150% of Average Quebec CMA rent
- 81. Household in Quebec CMA pays Owner costs < 80% of Average Quebec CMA Owner costs
- 82. Household in Quebec CMA pays Owner costs <50% of Average Quebec CMA rent
- 83. Household in Quebec CMA pays Owner costs 80% to 120% of Average Quebec CMA rent
- 84. Household in Quebec CMA pays Owner costs >120% of Average Quebec CMA rent
- 85. Household in Quebec CMA pays Owner costs >150% of Average Quebec CMA Owner costs
- 86. Quebec CMA Household income Below 1/2 of Quebec CMA Median Household income
- 87. Quebec CMA Household income has 1/2 of Quebec CMA Median Household income to Quebec CMA Median Household Income
- 88. Quebec CMA Household income is Above Quebec CMA Median Household income
- 89. Quebec CMA Household income is > 150% of Quebec CMA Median Household income
- 90. Household Income, Household is in Quebec CMA
- 91. Household in Montreal CMA pays rent < 80% of Average Montreal CMA Rent

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- 92. Household in Montreal CMA pays rent <50% of Average Montreal CMA rent
- 93. Household in Montreal CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of Average Montreal CMA rent
- 94. Household in Montreal CMA pays rent >120% of Average Montreal CMA rent
- 95. Household in Montreal CMA pays rent >150% of Average Montreal CMA rent
- 96. Household in Montreal CMA pays Owner costs < 80% of Average Montreal CMA Owner costs
- 97. Household in Montreal CMA pays Owner costs <50% of Average Montreal CMA rent
- 98. Household in Montreal CMA pays Owner costs 80% to 120% of Average Montreal CMA rent
- 99. Household in Montreal CMA pays Owner costs >120% of Average Montreal CMA rent
- 100. Household in Montreal CMA pays Owner costs >150% of Average Montreal CMA Owner costs
- 101. Montreal CMA Household income Below 1/2 of Montreal CMA Median Household income
- 102. Montreal CMA Household income has 1/2 of Montreal CMA Median Household income to Montreal CMA Median Household Income
- 103. Montreal CMA Household income is Above Montreal CMA Median Household income
- 104. Montreal CMA Household income is > 150% of Montreal CMA Median Household income
- 105. Household Income, Household is in Montreal CMA
- 106. Household in Ottawa-Gatineau CMA pays rent < 80% of Average Ottawa-Gatineau CMA Rent
- 107. Household in Ottawa-Gatineau CMA pays rent <50% of Average Ottawa-Gatineau CMA rent
- 108. Household in Ottawa-Gatineau CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of Average Ottawa-Gatineau CMA rent
- 109. Household in Ottawa-Gatineau CMA pays rent >120% of Average Ottawa-Gatineau CMA rent
- 110. Household in Ottawa-Gatineau CMA pays rent >150% of Average Ottawa-Gatineau CMA rent
- 111. Household in Ottawa-Gatineau CMA pays Owner costs < 80% of Average Ottawa-Gatineau CMA Owner costs
- 112. Household in Ottawa-Gatineau CMA pays Owner costs <50% of Average Ottawa-Gatineau CMA rent
- 113. Household in Ottawa-Gatineau CMA pays Owner costs 80% to 120% of Average Ottawa-Gatineau CMA rent
- 114. Household in Ottawa-Gatineau CMA pays Owner costs >120% of Average Ottawa-Gatineau CMA rent
- 115. Household in Ottawa-Gatineau CMA pays Owner costs >150% of Average Ottawa-Gatineau CMA Owner costs
- 116. Ottawa-Gatineau CMA Household income Below 1/2 of Ottawa-Gatineau CMA Median Household income
- 117. Ottawa-Gatineau CMA Household income has 1/2 of Ottawa-Gatineau CMA Median Household income to Ottawa-Gatineau CMA Median Household Income
- 118. Ottawa-Gatineau CMA Household income is Above Ottawa-Gatineau CMA Median Household income
- 119. Ottawa-Gatineau CMA Household income is > 150% of Ottawa-Gatineau CMA Median Household income
- 120. Household Income, Household is in Ottawa-Gatineau CMA
- 121. Household in Oshawa CMA pays rent < 80% of Average Oshawa CMA Rent

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122.	Household in	Oshawa (CMA navs	rent < 50% of	Δverage	Oshawa	CMA rent
144.	Houselloid III	Osiiawa v	CIVIA pays	16111 /20/0 UI	Avelage	Osiiawa	CIVIATELL

- 123. Household in Oshawa CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of Average Oshawa CMA rent
- 124. Household in Oshawa CMA pays rent >120% of Average Oshawa CMA rent
- 125. Household in Oshawa CMA pays rent >150% of Average Oshawa CMA rent
- 126. Household in Oshawa CMA pays Owner costs < 80% of Average Oshawa CMA Owner costs
- 127. Household in Oshawa CMA pays Owner costs <50% of Average Oshawa CMA rent
- 128. Household in Oshawa CMA pays Owner costs 80% to 120% of Average Oshawa CMA rent
- 129. Household in Oshawa CMA pays Owner costs >120% of Average Oshawa CMA rent
- 130. Household in Oshawa CMA pays Owner costs >150% of Average Oshawa CMA Owner costs
- 131. Oshawa CMA Household income Below 1/2 of Oshawa CMA Median Household income
- 132. Oshawa CMA Household income has 1/2 of Oshawa CMA Median Household income to Oshawa CMA Median Household Income
- 133. Oshawa CMA Household income is Above Oshawa CMA Median Household income
- 134. Oshawa CMA Household income is > 150% of Oshawa CMA Median Household income
- 135. Household Income, Household is in Oshawa CMA
- 136. Household in Toronto CMA pays rent < 80% of Average Toronto CMA Rent
- 137. Household in Toronto CMA pays rent <50% of Average Toronto CMA rent
- 138. Household in Toronto CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of Average Toronto CMA rent
- 139. Household in Toronto CMA pays rent >120% of Average Toronto CMA rent
- 140. Household in Toronto CMA pays rent >150% of Average Toronto CMA rent
- 141. Household in Toronto CMA pays Owner costs < 80% of Average Toronto CMA Owner costs
- 142. Household in Toronto CMA pays Owner costs <50% of Average Toronto CMA rent
- 143. Household in Toronto CMA pays Owner costs 80% to 120% of Average Toronto CMA rent
- 144. Household in Toronto CMA pays Owner costs >120% of Average Toronto CMA rent
- 145. Household in Toronto CMA pays Owner costs >150% of Average Toronto CMA Owner costs
- 146. TorontoCMA Household income Below 1/2 of TorontoCMA Median Household income
- 147. TorontoCMA Household income has 1/2 of TorontoCMA Median Household income to TorontoCMA Median Household Income
- 148. TorontoCMA Household income is Above TorontoCMA Median Household income
- 149. Toronto CMA Household income is > 150% of Toronto CMA Median Household income
- 150. Household Income, Household is in Toronto CMA
- 151. Household in Hamilton CMA pays rent < 80% of Average Hamilton CMA Rent
- 152. Household in Hamilton CMA pays rent <50% of Average Hamilton CMA rent
- 153. Household in Hamilton CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of Average Hamilton CMA rent
- 154. Household in Hamilton CMA pays rent >120% of Average Hamilton CMA rent
- 155. Household in Hamilton CMA pays rent >150% of Average Hamilton CMA rent
- 156. Household in HamiltonCMA pays Owner costs < 80% of Average HamiltonCMA Owner costs
- 157. Household in HamiltonCMA pays Owner costs <50% of Average HamiltonCMA rent
- 158. Household in HamiltonCMA pays Owner costs 80% to 120% of Average HamiltonCMA rent
- 159. Household in HamiltonCMA pays Owner costs >120% of Average HamiltonCMA rent
- 160. Household in Hamilton CMA pays Owner costs >150% of Average Hamilton CMA Owner costs

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- 161. Hamilton CMA Household income Below 1/2 of Hamilton CMA Median Household income
- 162. Hamilton CMA Household income has 1/2 of Hamilton CMA Median Household income to Hamilton CMA Median Household Income
- 163. Hamilton CMA Household income is Above Hamilton CMA Median Household income
- 164. Hamilton CMA Household income is > 150% of Hamilton CMA Median Household income
- 165. Household Income, Household is in Hamilton CMA
- 166. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays rent < 80% of Average Winnipeg CMA Rent
- 167. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays rent <50% of Average Winnipeg CMA rent
- 168. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of Average Winnipeg CMA rent
- 169. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays rent >120% of Average Winnipeg CMA rent
- 170. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays rent >150% of Average Winnipeg CMA rent
- 171. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays Owner costs < 80% of Average Winnipeg CMA Owner costs
- 172. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays Owner costs <50% of Average Winnipeg CMA rent
- 173. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays Owner costs 80% to 120% of Average Winnipeg CMA rent
- 174. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays Owner costs >120% of Average Winnipeg CMA rent
- 175. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays Owner costs >150% of Average Winnipeg CMA Owner costs
- 176. Winnipeg CMA Household income Below 1/2 of Winnipeg CMA Median Household income
- 177. Winnipeg CMA Household income has 1/2 of Winnipeg CMA Median Household income to Winnipeg CMA Median Household Income
- 178. Winnipeg CMA Household income is Above Winnipeg CMA Median Household income
- 179. Winnipeg CMA Household income is > 150% of Winnipeg CMA Median Household income
- 180. Household Income, Household is in Winnipeg CMA
- 181. Household in Regina CMA pays rent < 80% of Average Regina CMA Rent
- 182. Household in Regina CMA pays rent <50% of Average Regina CMA rent
- 183. Household in Regina CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of Average Regina CMA rent
- 184. Household in Regina CMA pays rent >120% of Average Regina CMA rent
- 185. Household in Regina CMA pays rent >150% of Average Regina CMA rent
- 186. Household in Regina CMA pays Owner costs < 80% of Average Regina CMA Owner costs
- 187. Household in Regina CMA pays Owner costs <50% of Average Regina CMA rent
- 188. Household in Regina CMA pays Owner costs 80% to 120% of Average Regina CMA rent
- 189. Household in Regina CMA pays Owner costs >120% of Average Regina CMA rent
- 190. Household in Regina CMA pays Owner costs >150% of Average Regina CMA Owner costs
- 191. Regina CMA Household income Below 1/2 of Regina CMA Median Household income
- 192. Regina CMA Household income has 1/2 of Regina CMA Median Household income to Regina CMA Median Household Income
- 193. Regina CMA Household income is Above Regina CMA Median Household income
- 194. Regina CMA Household income is > 150% of Regina CMA Median Household income
- 195. Household Income, Household is in Regina CMA
- 196. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays rent < 80% of Average Saskatoon CMA Rent
- 197. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays rent <50% of Average Saskatoon CMA rent
- 198. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of Average Saskatoon CMA rent

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199.	Household in Saskatoon	CMA pays rent >120%	6 of Average Saskatoon	CMA rent
TJJ.	i iousciioiu iii saskatooii	CIVIA DUVS I CITE > 120/0	o or Average Jaskatoon	

- 200. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays rent >150% of Average Saskatoon CMA rent
- 201. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays Owner costs < 80% of Average Saskatoon CMA Owner costs
- 202. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays Owner costs <50% of Average Saskatoon CMA rent
- 203. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays Owner costs 80% to 120% of Average Saskatoon CMA rent
- 204. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays Owner costs >120% of Average Saskatoon CMA rent
- 205. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays Owner costs >150% of Average Saskatoon CMA Owner costs
- 206. Saskatoon CMA Household income Below 1/2 of Saskatoon CMA Median Household income
- 207. Saskatoon CMA Household income has 1/2 of Saskatoon CMA Median Household income to Saskatoon CMA Median Household Income
- 208. Saskatoon CMA Household income is Above Saskatoon CMA Median Household income
- 209. Saskatoon CMA Household income is > 150% of Saskatoon CMA Median Household income
- 210. Household Income, Household is in Saskatoon CMA
- 211. Household in Calgary CMA pays rent < 80% of Average Calgary CMA Rent
- 212. Household in Calgary CMA pays rent <50% of Average Calgary CMA rent
- 213. Household in Calgary CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of Average Calgary CMA rent
- 214. Household in Calgary CMA pays rent >120% of Average Calgary CMA rent
- 215. Household in Calgary CMA pays rent >150% of Average Calgary CMA rent
- 216. Household in Calgary CMA pays Owner costs < 80% of Average Calgary CMA Owner costs
- 217. Household in Calgary CMA pays Owner costs <50% of Average Calgary CMA rent
- 218. Household in Calgary CMA pays Owner costs 80% to 120% of Average Calgary CMA rent
- 219. Household in Calgary CMA pays Owner costs >120% of Average Calgary CMA rent
- 220. Household in Calgary CMA pays Owner costs >150% of Average Calgary CMA Owner costs
- 221. Calgary CMA Household income Below 1/2 of Calgary CMA Median Household income
- 222. Calgary CMA Household income has 1/2 of Calgary CMA Median Household income to Calgary CMA Median Household Income
- 223. Calgary CMA Household income is Above Calgary CMA Median Household income
- 224. Calgary CMA Household income is > 150% of Calgary CMA Median Household income
- 225. Household Income, Household is in Calgary CMA
- 226. Household in Edmonton CMA pays rent < 80% of Average Edmonton CMA Rent
- 227. Household in Edmonton CMA pays rent <50% of Average Edmonton CMA rent
- 228. Household in Edmonton CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of Average Edmonton CMA rent
- 229. Household in Edmonton CMA pays rent >120% of Average Edmonton CMA rent
- 230. Household in Edmonton CMA pays rent >150% of Average Edmonton CMA rent
- 231. Household in Edmonton CMA pays Owner costs < 80% of Average Edmonton CMA Owner costs
- 232. Household in Edmonton CMA pays Owner costs <50% of Average Edmonton CMA rent
- 233. Household in Edmonton CMA pays Owner costs 80% to 120% of Average Edmonton CMA rent
- 234. Household in Edmonton CMA pays Owner costs >120% of Average Edmonton CMA rent
- 235. Household in Edmonton CMA pays Owner costs >150% of Average Edmonton CMA Owner costs
- 236. Edmonton CMA Household income Below 1/2 of Edmonton CMA Median Household income

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- 237. Edmonton CMA Household income has 1/2 of Edmonton CMA Median Household income to Edmonton CMA Median Household Income
- 238. Edmonton CMA Household income is Above Edmonton CMA Median Household income
- 239. Edmonton CMA Household income is > 150% of Edmonton CMA Median Household income
- 240. Household Income, Household is in Edmonton CMA
- 241. Household in Vancouver CMA pays rent < 80% of Average Vancouver CMA Rent
- 242. Household in Vancouver CMA pays rent <50% of Average Vancouver CMA rent
- 243. Household in Vancouver CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of Average Vancouver CMA rent
- 244. Household in Vancouver CMA pays rent >120% of Average Vancouver CMA rent
- 245. Household in Vancouver CMA pays rent >150% of Average Vancouver CMA rent
- 246. Household in Vancouver CMA pays Owner costs < 80% of Average Vancouver CMA Owner costs
- 247. Household in Vancouver CMA pays Owner costs <50% of Average Vancouver CMA rent
- 248. Household in Vancouver CMA pays Owner costs 80% to 120% of Average Vancouver CMA rent
- 249. Household in Vancouver CMA pays Owner costs >120% of Average Vancouver CMA rent
- 250. Household in Vancouver CMA pays Owner costs >150% of Average Vancouver CMA Owner costs
- 251. VancouverCMA Household income Below 1/2 of VancouverCMA Median Household income
- 252. VancouverCMA Household income has 1/2 of VancouverCMA Median Household income to VancouverCMA Median Household Income
- 253. VancouverCMA Household income is Above VancouverCMA Median Household income
- 254. Vancouver CMA Household income is > 150% of Vancouver CMA Median Household income
- 255. Household Income, Household is in Vancouver CMA
- 256. Household in Victoria CMA pays rent < 80% of Average Victoria CMA Rent
- 257. Household in Victoria CMA pays rent <50% of Average Victoria CMA rent
- 258. Household in Victoria CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of Average Victoria CMA rent
- 259. Household in Victoria CMA pays rent >120% of Average Victoria CMA rent
- 260. Household in Victoria CMA pays rent >150% of Average Victoria CMA rent
- 261. Household in Victoria CMA pays Owner costs < 80% of Average Victoria CMA Owner costs
- 262. Household in Victoria CMA pays Owner costs <50% of Average Victoria CMA rent
- 263. Household in Victoria CMA pays Owner costs 80% to 120% of Average Victoria CMA rent
- 264. Household in Victoria CMA pays Owner costs >120% of Average Victoria CMA rent
- 265. Household in Victoria CMA pays Owner costs >150% of Average Victoria CMA Owner costs
- 266. Victoria CMA Household income Below 1/2 of Victoria CMA Median Household income
- 267. Victoria CMA Household income has 1/2 of Victoria CMA Median Household income to Victoria CMA Median Household Income
- 268. Victoria CMA Household income is Above Victoria CMA Median Household income
- 269. Victoria CMA Household income is > 150% of Victoria CMA Median Household income
- 270. Household Income, Household is in Victoria CMA
- 271. Median Household Income St. John's CMA
- 272. Average Household Income St. John's CMA
- 273. Median Household Income Halifax CMA
- 274. Average Household Income Halifax CMA

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315.

275.	Median Household Income - Quebec CMA
276.	Average Household Income - Quebec CMA
277.	Median Household Income - Montreal CMA
278.	Average Household Income - Montreal CMA
279.	Median Household Income - Ottawa-Gatineau CMA
280.	Average Household Income - Ottawa-Gatineau CMA
281.	Median Household Income - Oshawa CMA
282.	Average Household Income - Oshawa CMA
283.	Median Household Income - Toronto CMA
284.	Average Household Income - Toronto CMA
285.	Median Household Income - Hamilton CMA
286.	Average Household Income - Hamilton CMA
287.	Median Household Income - Winnipeg CMA
288.	Average Household Income - Winnipeg CMA
289.	Median Household Income - Regina CMA
290.	Average Household Income - Regina CMA
291.	Median Household Income - Saskatoon CMA
292.	Average Household Income - Saskatoon CMA
293.	Median Household Income - Calgary CMA
294.	Average Household Income - Calgary CMA
295.	Median Household Income - Edmonton CMA
296.	Average Household Income - Edmonton CMA
297.	Median Household Income - Vancouver CMA
298.	Average Household Income - Vancouver CMA
299.	Median Household Income - Victoria CMA
300.	Average Household Income - Victoria CMA
301.	Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree
302.	None
303.	Other
304.	High school graduation certificate or equivalency certificate
305.	University degree
306.	Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree (population age 25 to 64 years)
307.	None - age 25 to 64 years
308.	Other - age 25 to 64 years
309.	High school graduation certificate or equivalency certificate - age 25 to 64 years
310.	University degree - age 25 to 64 years
311.	Total labour force-age 25 to 64 years
312.	Total - Worked mainly full-time weeks in 2005-age 25 to 64 years
313.	Total - Worked mainly part-time weeks in 2005-age 25 to 64 years
314.	Total - Unemployed-age 25 to 64 years

Total - Not in the labour force-age 25 to 64 years

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316.	Female - Total labour force-age 25 to 64 years
317.	Female - Worked mainly full-time weeks in 2005-age 25 to 64 years
318.	Female - Worked mainly part-time weeks in 2005-age 25 to 64 years
319.	Female - Unemployed-age 25 to 64 years
320.	Female - Not in the Labour force-age 25 to 64 years
321.	Male - Total labour force-age 25 to 64 years
322.	Male - Worked mainly full-time weeks in 2005-age 25 to 64 years
323.	Male - Worked mainly part-time weeks in 2005-age 25 to 64 years
324.	Male - Unemployed-age 25 to 64 years
325.	Male - Not in the Labour force-age 25 to 64 years
326.	Total - Occupation-National Occupational Classification (NOC) for Statistics 2006
327.	Not Applicable
328.	A Management occupations
329.	B Business, finance and administrative occupations
330.	C Natural and applied sciences and related occupations
331.	D Health occupations
332.	E Occupations in social science, education, government service and religion
333.	F Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport
334.	G Sales and service occupations
335.	H Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations
336.	I Occupations unique to primary industry
337.	J Occupations unique to processing, manufacturing and utilities
338.	A&C Occupations
339.	B,D&E Occupations
340.	F&G Occupations
341.	H&J Occupations
342.	Presence of wages and salaries
343.	Presence of total self-employment income
344.	Presence of old age security and garanteed income supplement
345.	Presence of Canada or Quebec pension plan income
346.	Presence of other government income
347.	Presence of Income other sources
348.	PHM - Mover (place of residence 5 years ago)
349.	PHM - Non-official home language
350.	Total - Immigrant status
351.	Total Immigrants
352.	Period of Immigration (1996 to 2006)
353.	Period of Immigration (2001 to 2006)
354.	Other periods of immigration
355.	Non-immigrants
356.	Total - PHM-Visible minority

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357.	PHM - Visible minority population
358.	PHM - Black
359.	PHM - South Asian
360.	PHM - Chinese
361.	PHM - Southeast Asian
362.	PHM - Filipino
363.	PHM - Arab/West Asian
364.	PHM - Latin American
365.	PHM - Not a visible minority
366.	PHM - Aboriginal Identity Population Derived
367.	PHM - British Isles origins
368.	PHM - French origins
369.	PHM - Canadian
370.	PHM - European origins
371.	PHM - Polish
372.	PHM - Italian
373.	PHM - Other single & multiple origin(s)
374.	Total - Age
375.	0 to 4 years
376.	5 to 14 years
377.	15 to 24 years
378.	25 to 34 years
379.	35 to 44 years
380.	45 to 54 years
381.	55 to 64 years
382.	65 to 74 years
383.	75 to 84 years
384.	85 years and over
385.	Total - Age
386.	Under 25 years
387.	25 to 44 years
388.	45 to 64 years
389.	65 years and over
390.	Average number of persons per room

EO2497 (1996) - Variables in the Housing Tenure Dimension (22):

- 1. St. John's CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of St. John's CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 2. Halifax CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Halifax CMA median household income (owners & renters))

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- 3. Quebec CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Quebec CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 4. Montreal CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Montreal CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 5. Ottawa Hull CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Ottawa Hull CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 6. Oshawa CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Oshawa CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 7. Toronto CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Toronto CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 8. Hamilton CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Hamilton CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 9. Winnipeg CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Winnipeg CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 10. Regina CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Regina CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 11. Saskatoon CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Saskatoon CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 12. Calgary CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Calgary CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 13. Edmonton CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Edmonton CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 14. Vancouver CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Vancouver CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 15. Victoria CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Victoria CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 16. High-rise apartment renter (Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys)
- 17. Low-rise apartment renter (Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys)
- 18. Rented
- 19. Single or semi-detached Owned by a member of the household
- 20. High-rise and low-rise Owned by a member of the household
- 21. Owned by a member of the household
- 22. Total housing tenure

EO2497 (1996) - Variables in the Demographics Dimension (370):

- 1. Age 15+ (PHM)
- 2. Total Structural type of dwelling
- 3. Single and semi-detached house
- 4. Single-detached house
- 5. High-rise apartment (Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys)
- 6. Low-rise apartment (Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys)

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- 7. Other
- 8. Apartment/flat in a detached duplex
- 9. Row house
- 10. Average number of persons in household
- 11. Spending 30% or more of household income on housing costs
- 12. Spending 50% or more of household income on housing costs
- 13. Yes, major repairs are needed
- 14. Total Period of construction
- 15. Built 1945 or before
- 16. Built 1946 to 1960
- 17. Built 1961 to 1980
- 18. Built 1981 to 1990
- 19. Built 1991 to 1996
- 20. Total primary household maintainer (PHM) Age
- 21. Total PHM-Under Age 25
- 22. Total PHM-25 to 44 years
- 23. Total PHM-45 to 64 years
- 24. Total PHM-65 years and over
- 25. PHM-Male-Total-Age
- 26. PHM-Male-Under Age 25
- 27. PHM-Male-25 to 44 years
- 28. PHM-Male-45 to 64 years
- 29. PHM-Male-65 years and over
- 30. PHM-Female-Total-Age
- 31. PHM-Female-Under Age 25
- 32. PHM-Female-25 to 44 years
- 33. PHM-Female-45 to 64 years
- 34. PHM-Female-65 years and over
- 35. Total Household type
- 36. 2-Parent family
- 37. Lone parent family
- 38. Female-Lone parent family
- 39. Couple without children
- 40. Multiple-family household
- 41. Non-family households: One person only
- 42. Non-family households: One person only, female
- 43. Non-family households: One person only, male
- 44. Average rent
- 45. Average owner cost
- 46. Household in St. John's CMA pays rent < 80% of average St. John's CMA rent
- 47. Household in St. John's CMA pays rent < 50% of average St. John's CMA rent

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- 48. Household in St. John's CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average St. John's CMA rent
- 49. Household in St. John's CMA pays rent > 120% of average St. John's CMA rent
- 50. Household in St. John's CMA pays rent > 150% of average St. John's CMA rent
- 51. Household in St. John's CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average St. John's CMA owner costs
- 52. Household in St. John's CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average St. John's CMA owner costs
- 53. Household in St. John's CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average St. John's CMA owner costs
- 54. Household in St. John's CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average St. John's CMA owner costs
- 55. Household in St. John's CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average St. John's CMA owner costs
- 56. St. John's CMA household income below 1/2 of St. John's CMA median household income
- 57. St. John's CMA household income has 1/2 of St. John's CMA median household income to St. John's CMA median household income
- 58. St. John's CMA Household income is above St. John's CMA median household income
- 59. St. John's CMA household income is > 150% of St. John's CMA median household income
- 60. Median household income, household is in St. John's CMA
- 61. Average household income, household is in St. John's CMA
- 62. Household in Halifax CMA pays rent < 80% of average Halifax CMA rent
- 63. Household in Halifax CMA pays rent < 50% of average Halifax CMA rent
- 64. Household in Halifax CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Halifax CMA rent
- 65. Household in Halifax CMA pays rent > 120% of average Halifax CMA rent
- 66. Household in Halifax CMA pays rent > 150% of average Halifax CMA rent
- 67. Household in Halifax CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Halifax CMA owner costs
- 68. Household in Halifax CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Halifax CMA owner costs
- 69. Household in Halifax CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Halifax CMA owner costs
- 70. Household in Halifax CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Halifax CMA owner costs
- 71. Household in Halifax CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Halifax CMA owner costs
- 72. Halifax CMA household income below 1/2 of Halifax CMA median household income
- 73. Halifax CMA household income has 1/2 of Halifax CMA median household income to Halifax CMA median household income
- 74. Halifax CMA household income is above Halifax CMA median household income
- 75. Halifax CMA household income is > 150% of Halifax CMA median household income
- 76. Median household income, household is in Halifax CMA
- 77. Average household income, household is in Halifax CMA
- 78. Household in Quebec CMA pays rent < 80% of average Quebec CMA rent
- 79. Household in Quebec CMA pays rent < 50% of average Quebec CMA rent
- 80. Household in Quebec CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Quebec CMA rent
- 81. Household in Quebec CMA pays rent > 120% of average Quebec CMA rent
- 82. Household in Quebec CMA pays rent > 150% of average Quebec CMA rent
- 83. Household in Quebec CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Quebec CMA owner costs
- 84. Household in Quebec CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Quebec CMA owner costs
- 85. Household in Quebec CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Quebec CMA owner costs
- 86. Household in Quebec CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Quebec CMA owner costs

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- 87. Household in Quebec CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Quebec CMA owner costs
- 88. Quebec CMA household income below 1/2 of Quebec CMA median household income
- 89. Quebec CMA household income has 1/2 of Quebec CMA median household income to Quebec CMA median household income
- 90. Quebec CMA household income is above Quebec CMA median household income
- 91. Quebec CMA household income is > 150% of Quebec CMA median household income
- 92. Median household income, household is in Quebec CMA
- 93. Average household income, household is in Quebec CMA
- 94. Household in Montreal CMA pays rent < 80% of average Montreal CMA rent
- 95. Household in Montreal CMA pays rent < 50% of average Montreal CMA rent
- 96. Household in Montreal CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Montreal CMA rent
- 97. Household in Montreal CMA pays rent > 120% of average Montreal CMA rent
- 98. Household in Montreal CMA pays rent > 150% of average Montreal CMA rent
- 99. Household in Montreal CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Montreal CMA owner costs
- 100. Household in Montreal CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Montreal CMA owner costs
- 101. Household in Montreal CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Montreal CMA owner costs
- 102. Household in Montreal CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Montreal CMA owner costs
- 103. Household in Montreal CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Montreal CMA owner costs
- 104. Montreal CMA household income below 1/2 of Montreal CMA median household income
- 105. Montreal CMA household income has 1/2 of Montreal CMA median household income to Montreal CMA median household income
- 106. Montreal CMA household income is above Montreal CMA median household income
- 107. Montreal CMA household income is > 150% of Montreal CMA median household income
- 108. Median household income, household is in Montreal CMA
- 109. Average household income, household is in Montreal CMA
- 110. Household in Ottawa Hull CMA pays rent < 80% of average Ottawa Hull CMA rent
- 111. Household in Ottawa Hull CMA pays rent < 50% of average Ottawa Hull CMA rent
- 112. Household in Ottawa Hull CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Ottawa Hull CMA rent
- 113. Household in Ottawa Hull CMA pays rent > 120% of average Ottawa Hull CMA rent
- 114. Household in Ottawa Hull CMA pays rent > 150% of average Ottawa Hull CMA rent
- 115. Household in Ottawa Hull CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Ottawa Hull CMA owner costs
- 116. Household in Ottawa Hull CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Ottawa Hull CMA owner costs
- 117. Household in Ottawa Hull CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Ottawa Hull CMA owner costs
- 118. Household in Ottawa Hull CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Ottawa Hull CMA owner costs
- 119. Household in Ottawa Hull CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Ottawa Hull CMA owner costs

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- 120. Ottawa Hull CMA household income below 1/2 of Ottawa Hull CMA median household income
- 121. Ottawa Hull CMA household income has 1/2 of Ottawa Hull CMA median household income to Ottawa Hull CMA median household income
- 122. Ottawa Hull CMA household income is above Ottawa Hull CMA median household income
- 123. Ottawa Hull CMA household income is > 150% of Ottawa Hull CMA median household income
- 124. Median household income, household is in Ottawa Hull CMA
- 125. Average household income, household is in Ottawa Hull CMA
- 126. Household in Oshawa CMA pays rent < 80% of average Oshawa CMA rent
- 127. Household in Oshawa CMA pays rent < 50% of average Oshawa CMA rent
- 128. Household in Oshawa CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Oshawa CMA rent
- 129. Household in Oshawa CMA pays rent > 120% of average Oshawa CMA rent
- 130. Household in Oshawa CMA pays rent > 150% of average Oshawa CMA rent
- 131. Household in Oshawa CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Oshawa CMA owner costs
- 132. Household in Oshawa CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Oshawa CMA owner costs
- 133. Household in Oshawa CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Oshawa CMA owner costs
- 134. Household in Oshawa CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Oshawa CMA owner costs
- 135. Household in Oshawa CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Oshawa CMA owner costs
- 136. Oshawa CMA household income below 1/2 of Oshawa CMA median household income
- 137. Oshawa CMA household income has 1/2 of Oshawa CMA median household income to Oshawa CMA median household income
- 138. Oshawa CMA household income is above Oshawa CMA median household income
- 139. Oshawa CMA household income is > 150% of Oshawa CMA median household income
- 140. Median household income, household is in Oshawa CMA
- 141. Average household income, household is in Oshawa CMA
- 142. Household in Toronto CMA pays rent < 80% of average Toronto CMA rent
- 143. Household in Toronto CMA pays rent < 50% of average Toronto CMA rent
- 144. Household in Toronto CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Toronto CMA rent
- 145. Household in Toronto CMA pays rent > 120% of average Toronto CMA rent
- 146. Household in Toronto CMA pays rent > 150% of average Toronto CMA rent
- 147. Household in Toronto CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Toronto CMA owner costs
- 148. Household in Toronto CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Toronto CMA owner costs
- 149. Household in Toronto CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Toronto CMA owner costs
- 150. Household in Toronto CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Toronto CMA owner costs
- 151. Household in Toronto CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Toronto CMA owner costs
- 152. Toronto CMA household income below 1/2 of Toronto CMA median household income
- 153. Toronto CMA household income has 1/2 of Toronto CMA median household income to Toronto CMA median household income
- 154. Toronto CMA household income is above Toronto CMA median household income
- 155. Toronto CMA household income is > 150% of Toronto CMA median household income
- 156. Median household income, household is in Toronto CMA

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- 157. Average household income, household is in Toronto CMA
- 158. Household in Hamilton CMA pays rent < 80% of average Hamilton CMA rent
- 159. Household in Hamilton CMA pays rent < 50% of average Hamilton CMA rent
- 160. Household in Hamilton CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Hamilton CMA rent
- 161. Household in Hamilton CMA pays rent > 120% of average Hamilton CMA rent
- 162. Household in Hamilton CMA pays rent > 150% of average Hamilton CMA rent
- 163. Household in Hamilton CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Hamilton CMA owner costs
- 164. Household in Hamilton CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Hamilton CMA owner costs
- 165. Household in Hamilton CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Hamilton CMA owner costs
- 166. Household in Hamilton CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Hamilton CMA owner costs
- 167. Household in Hamilton CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Hamilton CMA owner costs
- 168. Hamilton CMA household income below 1/2 of Hamilton CMA median household income
- 169. Hamilton CMA household income has 1/2 of Hamilton CMA median household income to Hamilton CMA median household income
- 170. Hamilton CMA household income is above Hamilton CMA median household income
- 171. Hamilton CMA household income is > 150% of Hamilton CMA median household income
- 172. Median household income, household is in Hamilton CMA
- 173. Average household income, household is in Hamilton CMA
- 174. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays rent < 80% of average Winnipeg CMA rent
- 175. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays rent < 50% of average Winnipeg CMA rent
- 176. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Winnipeg CMA rent
- 177. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays rent > 120% of average Winnipeg CMA rent
- 178. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays rent > 150% of average Winnipeg CMA rent
- 179. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Winnipeg CMA owner costs
- 180. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Winnipeg CMA owner costs
- 181. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Winnipeg CMA owner costs
- 182. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Winnipeg CMA owner costs
- 183. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Winnipeg CMA owner costs
- 184. Winnipeg CMA household income below 1/2 of Winnipeg CMA median household income
- 185. Winnipeg CMA household income has 1/2 of Winnipeg CMA median household income to Winnipeg CMA median household income
- 186. Winnipeg CMA household income is above Winnipeg CMA median household income
- 187. Winnipeg CMA household income is > 150% of Winnipeg CMA median household income
- 188. Median household income, household is in Winnipeg CMA
- 189. Average household income, household is in Winnipeg CMA
- 190. Household in Regina CMA pays rent < 80% of average Regina CMA rent
- 191. Household in Regina CMA pays rent < 50% of average Regina CMA rent
- 192. Household in Regina CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Regina CMA rent
- 193. Household in Regina CMA pays rent > 120% of average Regina CMA rent

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194. Household in Regina CMA pays rent > 150% of average Regina CM	gina Civia rei	average Regilia i	/S rent > 150% or	DdV:	CIVIA	Regina	usenoia in	194.
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- 195. Household in Regina CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Regina CMA owner costs
- 196. Household in Regina CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Regina CMA owner costs
- 197. Household in Regina CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Regina CMA owner costs
- 198. Household in Regina CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Regina CMA owner costs
- 199. Household in Regina CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Regina CMA owner costs
- 200. Regina CMA household income below 1/2 of Regina CMA median household income
- 201. Regina CMA household income has 1/2 of Regina CMA median household income to Regina CMA median household income
- 202. Regina CMA household income is above Regina CMA median household income
- 203. Regina CMA household income is > 150% of Regina CMA median household income
- 204. Median household income, household is in Regina CMA
- 205. Average household income, household is in Regina CMA
- 206. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays rent < 80% of average Saskatoon CMA rent
- 207. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays rent < 50% of average Saskatoon CMA rent
- 208. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Saskatoon CMA rent
- 209. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays rent > 120% of average Saskatoon CMA rent
- 210. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays rent > 150% of average Saskatoon CMA rent
- 211. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Saskatoon CMA owner costs
- 212. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Saskatoon CMA owner costs
- 213. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Saskatoon CMA owner costs
- 214. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Saskatoon CMA owner costs
- 215. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Saskatoon CMA owner costs
- 216. Saskatoon CMA household income below 1/2 of Saskatoon CMA median household income
- 217. Saskatoon CMA household income has 1/2 of Saskatoon CMA median household income to Saskatoon CMA median household income
- 218. Saskatoon CMA household income is above Saskatoon CMA median household income
- 219. Saskatoon CMA household income is > 150% of Saskatoon CMA median household income
- 220. Median household income, household is in Saskatoon CMA
- 221. Average household income, household is in Saskatoon CMA
- 222. Household in Calgary CMA pays rent < 80% of average Calgary CMA rent
- 223. Household in Calgary CMA pays rent < 50% of average Calgary CMA rent
- 224. Household in Calgary CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Calgary CMA rent
- 225. Household in Calgary CMA pays rent > 120% of average Calgary CMA rent
- 226. Household in Calgary CMA pays rent > 150% of average Calgary CMA rent
- 227. Household in Calgary CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Calgary CMA owner costs
- 228. Household in Calgary CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Calgary CMA owner costs
- 229. Household in Calgary CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Calgary CMA owner costs
- 230. Household in Calgary CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Calgary CMA owner costs
- 231. Household in Calgary CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Calgary CMA owner costs

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- 232. Calgary CMA household income below 1/2 of Calgary CMA median household income
- 233. Calgary CMA household income has 1/2 of Calgary CMA median household income to Calgary CMA median household income
- 234. Calgary CMA household income is above Calgary CMA median household income
- 235. Calgary CMA household income is > 150% of Calgary CMA median household income
- 236. Median household income, household is in Calgary CMA
- 237. Average household income, household is in Calgary CMA
- 238. Household in Edmonton CMA pays rent < 80% of average Edmonton CMA rent
- 239. Household in Edmonton CMA pays rent < 50% of average Edmonton CMA rent
- 240. Household in Edmonton CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Edmonton CMA rent
- 241. Household in Edmonton CMA pays rent > 120% of average Edmonton CMA rent
- 242. Household in Edmonton CMA pays rent > 150% of average Edmonton CMA rent
- 243. Household in Edmonton CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Edmonton CMA owner costs
- 244. Household in Edmonton CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Edmonton CMA owner costs
- 245. Household in Edmonton CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Edmonton CMA owner costs
- 246. Household in Edmonton CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Edmonton CMA owner costs
- 247. Household in Edmonton CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Edmonton CMA owner costs
- 248. Edmonton CMA household income below 1/2 of Edmonton CMA median household income
- 249. Edmonton CMA household income has 1/2 of Edmonton CMA median household income to Edmonton CMA median household income
- 250. Edmonton CMA household income is above Edmonton CMA median household income
- 251. Edmonton CMA household income is > 150% of Edmonton CMA median household income
- 252. Median household income, household is in Edmonton CMA
- 253. Average household income, household is in Edmonton CMA
- 254. Household in Vancouver CMA pays rent < 80% of average Vancouver CMA rent
- 255. Household in Vancouver CMA pays rent < 50% of average Vancouver CMA rent
- 256. Household in Vancouver CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Vancouver CMA rent
- 257. Household in Vancouver CMA pays rent > 120% of average Vancouver CMA rent
- 258. Household in Vancouver CMA pays rent > 150% of average Vancouver CMA rent
- 259. Household in Vancouver CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Vancouver CMA owner costs
- 260. Household in Vancouver CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Vancouver CMA owner costs
- 261. Household in Vancouver CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Vancouver CMA owner costs
- 262. Household in Vancouver CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Vancouver CMA owner costs
- 263. Household in Vancouver CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Vancouver CMA owner costs
- 264. Vancouver CMA household income below 1/2 of Vancouver CMA median household income
- 265. Vancouver CMA household income has 1/2 of Vancouver CMA median household income to Vancouver CMA median household income
- 266. Vancouver CMA household income is above Vancouver CMA median household income
- 267. Vancouver CMA household income is > 150% of Vancouver CMA median household income

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306.

307.

Occupation - Not applicable

268.	Median household income, household is in Vancouver CMA
269.	Average household income, household is in Vancouver CMA
270.	Household in Victoria CMA pays rent < 80% of average Victoria CMA rent
271.	Household in Victoria CMA pays rent < 50% of average Victoria CMA rent
272.	Household in Victoria CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Victoria CMA rent
273.	Household in Victoria CMA pays rent > 120% of average Victoria CMA rent
274.	Household in Victoria CMA pays rent > 150% of average Victoria CMA rent
275.	Household in Victoria CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Victoria CMA owner costs
276.	Household in Victoria CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Victoria CMA owner costs
277.	Household in Victoria CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Victoria CMA owner costs
278.	Household in Victoria CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Victoria CMA owner costs
279.	Household in Victoria CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Victoria CMA owner costs
280.	Victoria CMA household income below 1/2 of Victoria CMA median household income
281.	Victoria CMA household income has 1/2 of Victoria CMA median household income to Victoria
CM	IA median household income
282.	Victoria CMA household income is above Victoria CMA median household income
283.	Victoria CMA household income is > 150% of Victoria CMA median household income
284.	Median household income, household is in Victoria CMA
285.	Average household income, household is in Victoria CMA
286.	Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree (population age 25 to 64 years)
287.	None - age 25 to 64 years
288.	Other - age 25 to 64 years
289.	High school graduation certificate or equivalency certificate - age 25 to 64 years
290.	University degree - age 25 to 64 years
291.	Total labour force - age 25 to 64 years
292.	Total - Worked mainly full-time in 1995-age 25 to 64 years
293.	Total - Worked mainly part-time in 1995-age 25 to 64 years
294.	Total - Unemployed - age 25 to 64 years
295.	Total - Not in labour force - age 25 to 64 years
296.	Female total labour force - age 25 to 64 years
297.	Female - Worked mainly full-time in 1995-age 25 to 64 years
298.	Female - Worked mainly part-time in 1995-age 25 to 64 years
299.	Female - Unemployed - age 25 to 64 years
300.	Female - Not in labour force - age 25 to 64 years
301.	Male total labour force - age 25 to 64 years
302.	Male - Worked mainly full-time in 1995-age 25 to 64 years
303.	Male - Worked mainly part-time in 1995-age 25 to 64 years
304.	Male - Unemployed - age 25 to 64 years
305.	Male - Not in labour force - age 25 to 64 years

Total - Occupation (Based on the 1991 Standard Occupational Classification)

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308.	A Management occupations
309.	B Business, finance and administrative occupations
310.	C Natural and applied sciences and related occupations
311.	D Health occupations
312.	E Occupations in social science, education, government service and religion
313.	F Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport
314.	G Sales and service occupations
315.	H Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations
316.	I Occupations unique to primary industry
317.	J Occupations unique to processing, manufacturing and utilities
318.	A&C Occupations
319.	B,D&E Occupations
320.	F&G Occupations
321.	H&J Occupations
322.	Presence of wages and salaries
323.	Presence of total self employment income
324.	Presence of old age security and guaranteed income supplement
325.	Presence of Canada/Quebec pension plan benefits
326.	Presence of other government income
327.	Presence of other money income
328.	PHM - Mover (place of residence 5 years ago)
329.	PHM - Non-official home language
330.	Total - Immigrant status
331.	Immigrants
332.	Period of Immigration (1986 to 1996)
333.	Period of Immigration (1991 to 1996)
334.	Other periods of immigration
335.	Non-immigrants
336.	Total-PHM Visible minority
337.	PHM - Visible minority population
338.	PHM - Black
339.	PHM - South Asian
340.	PHM - Chinese
341.	PHM - Southeast Asian
342.	PHM - Filipino
343.	PHM - Arab/West Asian
344.	PHM - Latin American
345.	PHM - Not a visible minority
346.	PHM - Aboriginal Identity Population
347.	PHM - British Isles origins
348.	PHM - French origins

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349.	PHM - Canadian
350.	PHM - European origins
351.	PHM - Polish
352.	PHM - Italian
353.	PHM - Other single & multiple origin(s)
354.	Total - Age
355.	0 to 4 years
356.	5 to 14 years
357.	15 to 24 years
358.	25 to 34 years
359.	35 to 44 years
360.	45 to 54 years
361.	55 to 64 years
362.	65 to 74 years
363.	75 to 84 years
364.	85 years and over
365.	Total - Age
366.	Under 25 years
367.	25 to 44 years
368.	45 to 64 years
369.	65 years and over

370. Average number of persons per room

EO2497 (1981) - Variables in the Housing Tenure Dimension (22):

- 1. St. John's CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of St. John's CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 2. Halifax CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Halifax CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 3. Quebec CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Quebec CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 4. Montreal CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Montreal CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 5. Ottawa Hull CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Ottawa Hull CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 6. Oshawa CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Oshawa CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 7. Toronto CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Toronto CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 8. Hamilton CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Hamilton CMA median household income (owners & renters))

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- 9. Winnipeg CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Winnipeg CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 10. Regina CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Regina CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 11. Saskatoon CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Saskatoon CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 12. Calgary CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Calgary CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 13. Edmonton CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Edmonton CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 14. Vancouver CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Vancouver CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 15. Victoria CMA low-income renter (household income is below 1/2 of Victoria CMA median household income (owners & renters))
- 16. High-rise apartment Renter (Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys)
- 17. Low-rise apartment Renter (Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys)
- 18. Rented
- 19. Single or semi-detached Owned by a member of the household
- 20. High-rise and low-rise Owned by a member of the household
- 21. Owned by a member of the household
- 22. Total housing tenure

EO2497 (1981) - Variables in the Demographics Dimension (369):

- 1. Age 15+ (PHM)
- 2. Total-Structural type of dwelling
- 3. Single and Semi-detached house
- 4. Single-detached house
- 5. High-rise apartment (Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys)
- 6. Low-rise apartment (Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys)
- 7. Other
- 8. Apartment or flat in a duplex
- 9. Row house
- 10. Average number of persons in household
- 11. Spending 30% or more of household income on housing costs
- 12. Spending 50% or more of household income on housing costs
- 13. Yes, major repairs are needed
- 14. Total Period of construction
- 15. Built 1945 or before
- 16. Built 1946 to 1960
- 17. Built 1961 to 1980
- 18. Built 1971 to 1981

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- 19. Built 1976 to 1981
- 20. Total Primary Household Maintainer (PHM) Age
- 21. Total PHM-Under Age 25
- 22. Total PHM-25 to 44 years
- 23. Total PHM-45 to 64 years
- 24. Total PHM-65 years and over
- 25. PHM-Male-Total-Age
- 26. PHM-Male-Under Age 25
- 27. PHM-Male-25 to 44 years
- 28. PHM-Male-45 to 64 years
- 29. PHM-Male-65 years and over
- 30. PHM-Female-Total-Age
- 31. PHM-Female-Under Age 25
- 32. PHM-Female-25 to 44 years
- 33. PHM-Female-45 to 64 years
- 34. PHM-Female-65 years and over
- 35. Total Household type
- 36. 2-parent family
- 37. Lone parent family
- 38. Female-Lone parent family
- 39. Couple without children
- 40. Multiple-family households
- 41. Non-family households: One person only
- 42. Non-family households: One person only, female
- 43. Non-family households: One person only, male
- 44. Average rent
- 45. Average owner cost
- 46. Household in St. John's CMA pays rent < 80% of average St. John's CMA rent
- 47. Household in St. John's CMA pays rent < 50% of average St. John's CMA rent
- 48. Household in St. John's CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average St. John's CMA rent
- 49. Household in St. John's CMA pays rent > 120% of average St. John's CMA rent
- 50. Household in St. John's CMA pays rent > 150% of average St. John's CMA rent
- 51. Household in St. John's CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average St. John's CMA owner costs
- 52. Household in St. John's CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average St. John's CMA owner costs
- 53. Household in St. John's CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average St. John's CMA owner costs
- 54. Household in St. John's CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average St. John's CMA owner costs
- 55. Household in St. John's CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average St. John's CMA owner costs
- 56. St. John's CMA household income below 1/2 of St. John's CMA median household income
- 57. St. John's CMA household income has 1/2 of St. John's CMA median household income to St. John's CMA median household income
- 58. St. John's CMA household income is above St. John's CMA median household income

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- 59. St. John's CMA household income is > 150% of St. John's CMA median household income
- 60. Median household income, household is in St. John's CMA
- 61. Average household income, household is in St. John's CMA
- 62. Household in Halifax CMA pays rent < 80% of average Halifax CMA rent
- 63. Household in Halifax CMA pays rent < 50% of average Halifax CMA rent
- 64. Household in Halifax CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Halifax CMA rent
- 65. Household in Halifax CMA pays rent > 120% of average Halifax CMA rent
- 66. Household in Halifax CMA pays rent > 150% of average Halifax CMA rent
- 67. Household in Halifax CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Halifax CMA owner costs
- 68. Household in Halifax CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Halifax CMA owner costs
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- 74. Halifax CMA household income is above Halifax CMA median household income
- 75. Halifax CMA household income is > 150% of Halifax CMA median household income
- 76. Median household income, household is in Halifax CMA
- 77. Average household income, household is in Halifax CMA
- 78. Household in Quebec CMA pays rent < 80% of average Quebec CMA rent
- 79. Household in Quebec CMA pays rent < 50% of average Quebec CMA rent
- 80. Household in Quebec CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Quebec CMA rent
- 81. Household in Quebec CMA pays rent > 120% of average Quebec CMA rent
- 82. Household in Quebec CMA pays rent > 150% of average Quebec CMA rent
- 83. Household in Quebec CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Quebec CMA owner costs
- 84. Household in Quebec CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Quebec CMA owner costs
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- 86. Household in Quebec CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Quebec CMA owner costs
- 87. Household in Quebec CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Quebec CMA owner costs
- 88. Quebec CMA household income below 1/2 of Quebec CMA median household income
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- 90. Quebec CMA household income is above Quebec CMA median household income
- 91. Quebec CMA household income is > 150% of Quebec CMA median household income
- 92. Median household income, household is in Quebec CMA
- 93. Average household income, household is in Quebec CMA
- 94. Household in Montreal CMA pays rent < 80% of average Montreal CMA rent
- 95. Household in Montreal CMA pays rent < 50% of average Montreal CMA rent
- 96. Household in Montreal CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Montreal CMA rent
- 97. Household in Montreal CMA pays rent > 120% of average Montreal CMA rent

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- 98. Household in Montreal CMA pays rent > 150% of average Montreal CMA rent
- 99. Household in Montreal CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Montreal CMA owner costs
- 100. Household in Montreal CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Montreal CMA owner costs
- 101. Household in Montreal CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Montreal CMA owner costs
- 102. Household in Montreal CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Montreal CMA owner costs
- 103. Household in Montreal CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Montreal CMA owner costs
- 104. Montreal CMA household income below 1/2 of Montreal CMA median household income
- 105. Montreal CMA household income has 1/2 of Montreal CMA median household income to Montreal CMA median household income
- 106. Montreal CMA household income is above Montreal CMA median household income
- 107. Montreal CMA household income is > 150% of Montreal CMA median household income
- 108. Median household income, household is in Montreal CMA
- 109. Average household income, household is in Montreal CMA
- 110. Household in Ottawa Hull CMA pays rent < 80% of average Ottawa Hull CMA rent
- 111. Household in Ottawa Hull CMA pays rent < 50% of average Ottawa Hull CMA rent
- 112. Household in Ottawa Hull CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Ottawa Hull CMA rent
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- 115. Household in Ottawa Hull CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Ottawa Hull CMA owner costs
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- 120. Ottawa Hull CMA household income below 1/2 of Ottawa Hull CMA median household income
- 121. Ottawa Hull CMA household income has 1/2 of Ottawa Hull CMA median household income to Ottawa Hull CMA median household income
- 122. Ottawa Hull CMA household income is above Ottawa Hull CMA median household income
- 123. Ottawa Hull CMA household income is > 150% of Ottawa Hull CMA median household income
- 124. Median household income, household is in Ottawa Hull CMA
- 125. Average household income, household is in Ottawa Hull CMA
- 126. Household in Oshawa CMA pays rent < 80% of average Oshawa CMA rent
- 127. Household in Oshawa CMA pays rent < 50% of average Oshawa CMA rent
- 128. Household in Oshawa CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Oshawa CMA rent
- 129. Household in Oshawa CMA pays rent > 120% of average Oshawa CMA rent

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- 130. Household in Oshawa CMA pays rent > 150% of average Oshawa CMA rent
- 131. Household in Oshawa CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Oshawa CMA owner costs
- 132. Household in Oshawa CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Oshawa CMA owner costs
- 133. Household in Oshawa CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Oshawa CMA owner costs
- 134. Household in Oshawa CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Oshawa CMA owner costs
- 135. Household in Oshawa CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Oshawa CMA owner costs
- 136. Oshawa CMA household income below 1/2 of Oshawa CMA median household income
- 137. Oshawa CMA household income has 1/2 of Oshawa CMA median household income to Oshawa CMA median household income
- 138. Oshawa CMA household income is above Oshawa CMA median household income
- 139. Oshawa CMA household income is > 150% of Oshawa CMA median household income
- 140. Median household income, household is in Oshawa CMA
- 141. Average household income, household is in Oshawa CMA
- 142. Household in Toronto CMA pays rent < 80% of average Toronto CMA rent
- 143. Household in Toronto CMA pays rent < 50% of average Toronto CMA rent
- 144. Household in Toronto CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Toronto CMA rent
- 145. Household in Toronto CMA pays rent > 120% of average Toronto CMA rent
- 146. Household in Toronto CMA pays rent > 150% of average Toronto CMA rent
- 147. Household in Toronto CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Toronto CMA owner costs
- 148. Household in Toronto CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Toronto CMA owner costs
- 149. Household in Toronto CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Toronto CMA owner costs
- 150. Household in Toronto CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Toronto CMA owner costs
- 151. Household in Toronto CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Toronto CMA owner costs
- 152. Toronto CMA household income below 1/2 of Toronto CMA median household income
- 153. Toronto CMA household income has 1/2 of Toronto CMA median household income to Toronto CMA median household income
- 154. Toronto CMA household income is above Toronto CMA median household income
- 155. Toronto CMA household income is > 150% of Toronto CMA median household income
- 156. Median household income, household is in Toronto CMA
- 157. Average household income, household is in Toronto CMA
- 158. Household in Hamilton CMA pays rent < 80% of average Hamilton CMA rent
- 159. Household in Hamilton CMA pays rent < 50% of average Hamilton CMA rent
- 160. Household in Hamilton CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Hamilton CMA rent
- 161. Household in Hamilton CMA pays rent > 120% of average Hamilton CMA rent
- 162. Household in Hamilton CMA pays rent > 150% of average Hamilton CMA rent
- 163. Household in Hamilton CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Hamilton CMA owner costs
- 164. Household in Hamilton CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Hamilton CMA owner costs
- 165. Household in Hamilton CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Hamilton CMA owner costs
- 166. Household in Hamilton CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Hamilton CMA owner costs
- 167. Household in Hamilton CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Hamilton CMA owner costs

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- 168. Hamilton CMA household income below 1/2 of Hamilton CMA median household income
- 169. Hamilton CMA household income has 1/2 of Hamilton CMA median household income to Hamilton CMA median household income
- 170. Hamilton CMA household income is above Hamilton CMA median household income
- 171. Hamilton CMA household income is > 150% of Hamilton CMA median household income
- 172. Median household income, household is in Hamilton CMA
- 173. Average household income, household is in Hamilton CMA
- 174. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays rent < 80% of average Winnipeg CMA rent
- 175. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays rent < 50% of average Winnipeg CMA rent
- 176. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Winnipeg CMA rent
- 177. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays rent > 120% of average Winnipeg CMA rent
- 178. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays rent > 150% of average Winnipeg CMA rent
- 179. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Winnipeg CMA owner costs
- 180. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Winnipeg CMA owner costs
- 181. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Winnipeg CMA owner costs
- 182. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Winnipeg CMA owner costs
- 183. Household in Winnipeg CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Winnipeg CMA owner costs
- 184. Winnipeg CMA household income below 1/2 of Winnipeg CMA median household income
- 185. Winnipeg CMA household income has 1/2 of Winnipeg CMA median household income to Winnipeg CMA median household income
- 186. Winnipeg CMA household income is above Winnipeg CMA median household income
- 187. Winnipeg CMA household income is > 150% of Winnipeg CMA median household income
- 188. Median household income, household is in Winnipeg CMA
- 189. Average household income, household is in Winnipeg CMA
- 190. Household in Regina CMA pays rent < 80% of average Regina CMA rent
- 191. Household in Regina CMA pays rent < 50% of average Regina CMA rent
- 192. Household in Regina CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Regina CMA rent
- 193. Household in Regina CMA pays rent > 120% of average Regina CMA rent
- 194. Household in Regina CMA pays rent > 150% of average Regina CMA rent
- 195. Household in Regina CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Regina CMA owner costs
- 196. Household in Regina CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Regina CMA owner costs
- 197. Household in Regina CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Regina CMA owner costs
- 198. Household in Regina CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Regina CMA owner costs
- 199. Household in Regina CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Regina CMA owner costs
- 200. Regina CMA household income below 1/2 of Regina CMA median household income
- 201. Regina CMA household income has 1/2 of Regina CMA median household income to Regina CMA median household income
- 202. Regina CMA household income is above Regina CMA median household income
- 203. Regina CMA household income is > 150% of Regina CMA median household income
- 204. Median household income, household is in Regina CMA

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- 205. Average household income, household is in Regina CMA
- 206. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays rent < 80% of average Saskatoon CMA rent
- 207. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays rent < 50% of average Saskatoon CMA rent
- 208. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Saskatoon CMA rent
- 209. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays rent > 120% of average Saskatoon CMA rent
- 210. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays rent > 150% of average Saskatoon CMA rent
- 211. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Saskatoon CMA owner costs
- 212. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Saskatoon CMA owner costs
- 213. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Saskatoon CMA owner costs
- 214. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Saskatoon CMA owner costs
- 215. Household in Saskatoon CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Saskatoon CMA owner costs
- 216. Saskatoon CMA household income below 1/2 of Saskatoon CMA median household income
- 217. Saskatoon CMA household income has 1/2 of Saskatoon CMA median household income to Saskatoon CMA median household income
- 218. Saskatoon CMA household income is above Saskatoon CMA median household income
- 219. Saskatoon CMA household income is > 150% of Saskatoon CMA median household income
- 220. Median household income, household is in Saskatoon CMA
- 221. Average household income, household is in Saskatoon CMA
- 222. Household in Calgary CMA pays rent < 80% of average Calgary CMA rent
- 223. Household in Calgary CMA pays rent < 50% of average Calgary CMA rent
- 224. Household in Calgary CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Calgary CMA rent
- 225. Household in Calgary CMA pays rent > 120% of average Calgary CMA rent
- 226. Household in Calgary CMA pays rent > 150% of average Calgary CMA rent
- 227. Household in Calgary CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Calgary CMA owner costs
- 228. Household in Calgary CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Calgary CMA owner costs
- 229. Household in Calgary CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Calgary CMA owner costs
- 230. Household in Calgary CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Calgary CMA owner costs
- 231. Household in Calgary CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Calgary CMA owner costs
- 232. Calgary CMA household income below 1/2 of Calgary CMA median household income
- 233. Calgary CMA household income has 1/2 of Calgary CMA median household income to Calgary CMA median household income
- 234. Calgary CMA household income is above Calgary CMA median household income
- 235. Calgary CMA household income is > 150% of Calgary CMA median household income
- 236. Median household income, household is in Calgary CMA
- 237. Average household income, household is in Calgary CMA
- 238. Household in Edmonton CMA pays rent < 80% of average Edmonton CMA rent
- 239. Household in Edmonton CMA pays rent < 50% of average Edmonton CMA rent
- 240. Household in Edmonton CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Edmonton CMA rent
- 241. Household in Edmonton CMA pays rent > 120% of average Edmonton CMA rent
- 242. Household in Edmonton CMA pays rent > 150% of average Edmonton CMA rent

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- 243. Household in Edmonton CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Edmonton CMA owner costs
- 244. Household in Edmonton CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Edmonton CMA owner costs
- 245. Household in Edmonton CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Edmonton CMA owner costs
- 246. Household in Edmonton CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Edmonton CMA owner costs
- 247. Household in Edmonton CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Edmonton CMA owner costs
- 248. Edmonton CMA household income below 1/2 of Edmonton CMA median household income
- 249. Edmonton CMA household income has 1/2 of Edmonton CMA median household income to Edmonton CMA median household income
- 250. Edmonton CMA household income is above Edmonton CMA median household income
- 251. Edmonton CMA household income is > 150% of Edmonton CMA median household income
- 252. Median household income, household is in Edmonton CMA
- 253. Average household income, household is in Edmonton CMA
- 254. Household in Vancouver CMA pays rent < 80% of average Vancouver CMA rent
- 255. Household in Vancouver CMA pays rent < 50% of average Vancouver CMA rent
- 256. Household in Vancouver CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Vancouver CMA rent
- 257. Household in Vancouver CMA pays rent > 120% of average Vancouver CMA rent
- 258. Household in Vancouver CMA pays rent > 150% of average Vancouver CMA rent
- 259. Household in Vancouver CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Vancouver CMA owner costs
- 260. Household in Vancouver CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Vancouver CMA owner costs
- 261. Household in Vancouver CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Vancouver CMA owner costs
- 262. Household in Vancouver CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Vancouver CMA owner costs
- 263. Household in Vancouver CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Vancouver CMA owner costs
- 264. Vancouver CMA household income below 1/2 of Vancouver CMA median household income
- 265. Vancouver CMA household income has 1/2 of Vancouver CMA median household income to Vancouver CMA median household income
- 266. Vancouver CMA household income is above Vancouver CMA median household income
- 267. Vancouver CMA household income is > 150% of Vancouver CMA median household income
- 268. Median household income, household is in Vancouver CMA
- 269. Average household income, household is in Vancouver CMA
- 270. Household in Victoria CMA pays rent < 80% of average Victoria CMA rent
- 271. Household in Victoria CMA pays rent < 50% of average Victoria CMA rent
- 272. Household in Victoria CMA pays rent 80% to 120% of average Victoria CMA rent
- 273. Household in Victoria CMA pays rent > 120% of average Victoria CMA rent
- 274. Household in Victoria CMA pays rent > 150% of average Victoria CMA rent
- 275. Household in Victoria CMA pays owner costs < 80% of average Victoria CMA owner costs
- 276. Household in Victoria CMA pays owner costs < 50% of average Victoria CMA owner costs
- 277. Household in Victoria CMA pays owner costs 80% to 120% of average Victoria CMA owner costs
- 278. Household in Victoria CMA pays owner costs > 120% of average Victoria CMA owner costs
- 279. Household in Victoria CMA pays owner costs > 150% of average Victoria CMA owner costs

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- 280. Victoria CMA household income below 1/2 of Victoria CMA median household income
- 281. Victoria CMA household income has 1/2 of Victoria CMA median household income to Victoria CMA median household income
- 282. Victoria CMA household income is above Victoria CMA median household income
- 283. Victoria CMA household income is > 150% of Victoria CMA median household income
- 284. Median household income, household is in Victoria CMA
- 285. Average household income, household is in Victoria CMA
- 286. Total Highest certificate, diploma or degree (population age 25 to 64 years)
- 287. None age 25 to 64 years
- 288. Other age 25 to 64 years
- 289. High school graduation certificate or equivalency certificate age 25 to 64 years
- 290. University degree age 25 to 64 years
- 291. Total Labour Force age 25 to 64 years
- 292. Total-worked mainly full-time in 1980-age 25 to 64 years
- 293. Total-worked mainly part-time in 1980-age 25 to 64 years
- 294. Total-Unemployed age 25 to 64 years
- 295. Total-Not in labour force age 25 to 64 years
- 296. Female Total Labour Force age 25 to 64 years
- 297. Female-worked mainly full-time in 1980-age 25 to 64 years
- 298. Female-worked mainly part-time in 1980-age 25 to 64 years
- 299. Female-Unemployed age 25 to 64 years
- 300. Female-Not in labour force age 25 to 64 years
- 301. Male Total Labour Force age 25 to 64 years
- 302. Male-worked mainly full-time in 1980-age 25 to 64 years
- 303. Male-worked mainly part-time in 1980-age 25 to 64 years
- 304. Male-Unemployed age 25 to 64 years
- 305. Male-Not in labour force age 25 to 64 years
- 306. Total Occupation 1991 Standard Occupational Classification (concordance)
- 307. Not applicable, or unclassified
- 308. A Management occupations
- 309. B Business, finance and administrative occupations
- 310. C Natural and applied sciences and related occupations
- 311. D Health Occupations
- 312. E Occupations in social science, education, government service and religion
- 313. F Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport
- 314. G Sales and service occupations
- 315. H Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations
- 316. I Occupations unique to primary industry
- 317. J Occupations unique to processing, manufacturing and utilities
- 318. A&C Occupations
- 319. B,D&E Occupations

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320.	F&G Occupations
321.	H&J Occupations
322.	Presence of wages and salaries
323.	Presence of total self-employment income
324.	Presence of OAS, GIS, C/QPP
325.	Presence of other government income
326.	Presence of retirement and other income
327.	PHM - Mover (place of residence 5 years ago)
328.	PHM - Non-official home language
329.	Total - Immigrant status
330.	Immigrants
331.	Period of Immigration (1971 to 1981)
332.	Period of Immigration (1976 to 1981)
333.	Other periods of immigration
334.	Non-immigrants
335.	Total-PHM by visible minority status
336.	PHM - Visible minority population
337.	PHM - Black
338.	PHM - South Asian
339.	PHM - Chinese
340.	PHM - Southeast Asian
341.	PHM - Filipino
342.	PHM - Arab/West Asian
343.	PHM - Latin American
344.	PHM - Not a visible minority
345.	PHM: Aboriginal ancestry
346.	PHM - British Isles origins
347.	PHM - French origins
348.	PHM - Canadian
349.	PHM - European origins
350.	PHM - Polish
351.	PHM - Italian
352.	PHM - Other single & multiple origin(s)
353.	Total - Age
354.	0 to 4 years
355.	5 to 14 years
356.	15 to 24 years
357.	25 to 34 years
358.	35 to 44 years
359.	45 to 54 years
360.	55 to 64 years

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361.	65 to 74 years
362.	75 to 84 years

85 years and over 363.

364. Total - Age

365. Under 25 years

25 to 44 years 366.

45 to 64 years 367.

65 years and over 368.

Average number of persons per room 369.

Custom Ethnicity/Visible Minority Toronto CMA Data 2001

Data Reference Number: E1025

Geography: Custom 63 neighbourhood zones and 34 subzones (groups of census tracts) with descriptive names plus the Toronto CMA totals (reference map available upon request) Years: 2001.

Data Cross-Tab Available: Ethnicity/Visible Minority Dimension by Characteristics Dimension Format: Beyond 20/20 IVT Table

Variables in the Ethnicity/Visible Minority Dimension:

- 1. Total Population
 - a. Total Population (including white and excluding Aboriginal self-reporting)
 - b. Total Population (excluding white and Aboriginal self-reporting)
- 2. Total Black Visible Minority (single response)
 - a. Black visible minority with Total Jamaican ethnic origin
 - b. Black visible minority with Jamaican single ethnic origin plus Jamaican and any other Caribbean and Jamaican and Canadian
 - c. Black visible minority with Total Caribbean (excluding Jamaican)
 - d. Black visible minority with Caribbean single or multiple response within, with/without Canadian (excluding Jamaican)
 - e. Black visible minority with Total African ethnic origin
 - f. Black visible minority with African single or multiple within, with/without Canadian
- 3. Total South Asian Visible Minority (single response)
 - a. South Asian visible minority with Total East Indian ethnic origin
 - b. South Asian visible minority with East Indian with/without Canadian
 - c. South Asian visible minority with Total Pakistani ethnic origin
 - d. South Asian visible minority with Pakistani with/without Canadian
 - e. South Asian visible minority with Total Bangladeshi ethnic origin
 - f. South Asian visible minority with Bangladeshi with/without Canadian
 - g. South Asian visible minority with Sri Lankan and Tamil Total Responses

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- h. South Asian visible minority with Sri Lankan, Tamil with/without Canadian
- 4. Chinese visible minority (single response)
- 5. Total Southeast Asian visible minority (single response)
 - a. Southeast Asian visible minority with Total Vietnamese ethnic origin
 - b. Southeast Asian visible minority with Vietnamese ethnic origin with/without Canadian, Vietnamese and Chinese
- 6. Filipino visible minority (single response)
- 7. Latin American visible minority (single response)
- 8. Arab/West Asian visible minority (single response)
- 9. Japanese visible minority (single response)
- 10. Korean visible minority (single response)
- 11. All Others (including White)
- 12. Total British Isles ethnic origin
 - a. British Isles responses within, with/without Canadian
- 13. Total Portuguese ethnic origin
 - a. Portuguese ethnic origin with/without Canadian
- 14. Total Italian ethnic origin
 - a. Italian ethnic origin with/without Canadian
- 15. Total Polish ethnic origin
 - a. Polish ethnic origin with/without Canadian
- 16. Total Ukrainian ethnic origin
 - a. Ukrainian ethnic origin with/without Canadian
- 17. Total Greek ethnic origin
 - a. Greek ethnic origin with/without Canadian

Variables in the Characteristics Dimension:

- 1. Total Sex
- 2. Male
- 3. Female
- 4. Less than 15 years
- 5. 15 24 years
- 6. 25 44 years
- 7. 45 64 years
- 8. 65 years and over
- 9. Born in Canada
- 10. 2nd generation Respondent born in Canada of at least one foreign-born parent In Canada
- 11. Born outside Canada
- 12. Non-immigrant population Born outside Canada
- 13. Immigrant population Born outside Canada
- 14. Before 1961 Born outside Canada
- 15. 1961-1970 Born outside Canada

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- 16. 1971-1980 Born outside Canada
- 17. 1981-1990 Born outside Canada
- 18. 1991-2001 Born outside Canada
- 19. 1991-1996 Born outside Canada
- 20. 1997-2001 Born outside Canada
- 21. Non-permanent residents Born outside Canada
- 22. Born in Canada with individual income
- 23. Average individual income \$ (With income born in Canada)
- 24. Born in Canada -immigrated before 1991 with individual income
- 25. Average individual income \$ (With income Born in Canada immigrated before 1991)
- 26. Born in Canada -immigrated 1991–2001 with individual income
- 27. Average individual income \$ (With income Born outside Canada immigrated 1991-2001)
- 28. Total Mobility status 5 years ago
- 29. Non-movers
- 30. Movers
- 31. Non-migrants
- 32. Migrants
- 33. Internal migrants
- 34. Intraprovincial migrants
- 35. Interprovincial migrants
- 36. External migrants
- 37. Total population 20 years and over by highest level of schooling
- 38. Less than grade 9
- 39. Grades 9 to 13 (with or without SSGC)
- 40. Some post-secondary (with or without certificate/diplomas; Trades)
- 41. University with bachelor's degree or higher
- 42. Total Labour Force Activity 15 years and over
- 43. Participation rate
- 44. Unemployment rate
- 45. Total All Occupations
- 46. Legislators and senior management
- 47. Middle & other management
- 48. Professionals (Skill level A)
- 49. Supervisors, foremen & women, skilled crafts and trades (skill level B)
- 50. Clerical workers, sales & service (skill level C)
- 51. Semi-professionals, technicians, administrative, senior clerical, sales & service (skill level B)
- 52. Sales & Service, other manual workers (Skill Level D)
- 53. Semi-skilled manual workers (skill level C)
- 54. Number of Census Families (Reference Person for a Census family)
- 55. Number of Lone Parent (Reference Person for a Census family)
- 56. Number of Economic Families (Reference Person for an Economic family)

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- 57. incidence of Low Income of Economic Families
- 58. Number of private households
- 59. Average Household total income \$
- 60. Number of Private households with household income less than \$29,751
- 61. Average Number of persons in household
- 62. One-family households
- 63. Multiple-family households
- 64. Non-family households
- 65. Owned by a member of the household non-farm, non-reserve
- 66. Average Household total income \$ Owned by a member of the household non-farm, non-reserve
- 67. Average Value of dwelling \$ Owned by a member of the household non-farm, non-reserve
 - a. Number of households spending 30% or more of income on shelter Owned by a member of the household non-farm, non-reserve
 - b. Average Household total income \$
 - c. Average Value of dwelling \$
 - d. Number of households spending 50% or more of income on shelter Owned by a member of the household non-farm, non-reserve
 - e. Average Household total income \$
 - f. Average Value of dwelling \$
- 68. Rented non-farm, non-reserve
- 69. Average Household total income \$ Rented non-farm, non-reserve
- 70. Average Monthly Rent \$ Rented non-farm, non-reserve
 - a. Number of households spending 30% or more on shelter Rented non-farm, non-reserve
 - b. Average Household total income
 - c. Average Monthly Rent \$
 - d. Number of households spending 50% or more on shelter Rented non-farm, non-reserve
 - e. Average Household total income
 - f. Average Monthly Rent \$
- 71. Period of construction, before 1946 Person is primary maintainer
- 72. Period of construction, 1946–1960 Person is primary maintainer
- 73. Period of construction, 1961–1970 Person is primary maintainer
- 74. Period of construction, 1971–1980 Person is primary maintainer
- 75. Period of construction, 1981–1990 Person is primary maintainer
- 76. Period of construction 1991–2001 Person is primary maintainer
- 77. Regular maintenance only Person is primary maintainer
- 78. Minor repairs Person is primary maintainer
- 79. Major repairs Person is primary maintainer
- 80. Single-detached house Person is primary maintainer
- 81. Semi-detached or double house Person is primary maintainer
- 82. Row house Person is primary maintainer
- 83. Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys Person is primary maintainer

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84. Apartment in a building with fewer than five storeys; apartment/flat in a detached duplex - Person is primary maintainer

Custom Working Poor Data Census 2001–2006

Geography: Census Tracts and Census Subdivisions in Montréal, Toronto, Vancouver, Calgary, Edmonton, Winnipeg, Halifax, Ottawa, Kitchener, Windsor, Victoria, Barrie, Saint John, Quebec CMAs only plus the CMA totals

Years: Before-Tax Working Poor data files for 2001 and 2006. Census Tract data is aggregated back to 2001 boundaries. After-Tax Working Poor is 2006 only.

Notes: Data provided by John Stapleton and the Metcalf Foundation. See "The Working Poor in the Toronto Region" Metcalf Foundation report for data definitions and other details.

Data Cross-Tab Available: Poverty/Work Status Dimension by Immigrant Dimension by Characteristics Dimension

Format: Excel spreadsheets.

Poverty/Work Status Dimension:

- 1. Total Working Age
 - a. Working poor
 - b. Non-working poor
 - c. Non-working non-poor
 - d. Working non-poor

Immigrant Dimension:

1. Total Immigrants of Working Age

Characteristics Dimension:

- 1. Estimated Population of Individuals
- 2. Mean Before-Tax Personal Total Income
- 3. Median Before-Tax Personal Total Income
- 4. Mean Before-Tax household Total Income
- 5. Median Before-Tax household Total Income
- 6. Immigrant
- 7. Married or Common Law
- 8. Age 18-29
- 9. Age 30-44
- 10. Age 45-54
- 11. Age 55-64
- 12. One person family
- 13. Couple without kid family

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- 14. Couple with kids family
- 15. Loneparent family
- 16. Less than high school
- 17. High school
- 18. Non-University
- 19. University
- 20. Missing Information for Disability (reduces activities at work)
- 21. Disabled
- 22. Own a House
- 23. Number of Sources of Income
- 24. Missing Information for Work Full/Part Time
- 25. Full-time
- 26. Part-time
- 27. Missing Information for Occupation
- 28. Management
- 29. Business, Finance and Administration
- 30. Natural and Applied Sciences and Related
- 31. Health
- 32. Social Science, Education, Government Service and Religion
- 33. Art, Culture, Recreation and Sport
- 34. Sales and Service
- 35. Trades, Transport and Equipment Operators and Related
- 36. Primary Industry
- 37. Occupations Unique to Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities
- 38. Receive Employment Insurance Benefits

Custom Working Poor Data T1FF 2006-2012

Source: Canada Revenue Agency Taxfiler data (T1FF)

Geography: Census Tracts and Census Subdivisions in 17 CMAs. Constant 2006 CT boundaries. Cities: Calgary, Edmonton, Halifax, Hamilton, Kingston, Kitchener-Waterloo, London, Montreal, North Bay, Ottawa, Quebec City, Sudbury, Thunder Bay, Toronto, Vancouver, Windsor and Winnipeg.

Data Format: Excel files only with geographies proceeding across columns.

Data Definitions: Working age population defined as individuals who are between 18 and 64, non-students and living on their own. Working status refers to persons having earnings no less than \$3,000. Poor status refers to individuals with census family income below the Low Income Measure (50% of adjusted **after-tax median income** of all Canadians) determined from taxfiler data (T1FF).

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Column Variables:

- 1. Age 15+
- 2. Working Age Population 18-64 Total
 - a. Working poor
 - b. Non-working poor
 - c. Non-working non-poor
 - d. Working non-poor

Row Variables:

- 1. Sample Size
- 2. Before-Tax Personal Total Income Mean
- 3. Before-Tax Personal Total Income Median
- 4. Before-Tax Census Family Total Income Mean
- 5. Before-Tax Census Family Total Income Median
- 6. After-Tax Personal Income Mean
- 7. After-Tax Personal Income Median
- 8. After-Tax Census Family Income Mean
- 9. After-Tax Census Family Income Median
- 10. Percentage Married or Common Law
- 11. Percentage Age 15-29
- 12. Percentage Age 30-44
- 13. Percentage Age 45-54
- 14. Percentage Age 55-64
- 15. Percentage Age 65+
- 16. Percentage One Person Household
- 17. Percentage Couple with 0 Kid
- 18. Percentage Couple with Kids
- 19. Percentage Lone Parent
- 20. Percentage Claimed Disability Tax Credit
- 21. Number of Sources of Income Mean
- 22. Percentage Reporting Employment Insurance Benefits

Working Poor Percentages Note: These can be computed by the data user.

- Option 1. Percentage of (Working Poor / 15+)
- Option 2. Percentage of (Working Poor / Working-age Pop)
- Option 3. Percentage of (Working Poor / (Working poor + non-working poor))
- Option 4. Percentage of (Working Poor / (Working poor + working non-poor))

CUSTOM TAXFILER T1FF INCOME DATA

- Source: Canada Revenue Agency T1FF file which is produced by Statistics Canada.
- Geography: all census tracts in Canada, includes totals for Canada, Provinces, CMAs and CDs (only for areas outside CMAs).
- Data 2005–2010 is for constant census tract 2006 boundaries. Data 2012 is for constant 2011 census tract boundaries.
- Coverage: all taxfilers which covers 74.2% of the total population in 2010, number of people who file a tax return has been increasing over time
- Format: Excel spreadsheets with some CMA data also in SPSS system files

2005, 2010, 2012 Data on Families and Non-Families:

- Number of taxfilers by various family types and their median total incomes, median employment incomes
- Family types are: All families, Couple Families, Lone Parent Families, Non-Family Persons
- Number of Families and non-families receiving income from government transfers and the average amounts
- Number of families and non-families receiving employment Insurance and the average amounts

2007, 2010, 2012 Data on Individuals:

- All individuals, male and female average total incomes by age groups, before-tax and after-tax
- Age groups are: 0-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-54, 55-64, 65+

Income Time Series Data Available for 8 CMAs 2005–2012

- Geography: constant 2006 census tract boundaries
- Income years: 2005, 2007, 2010, 2012 all in the same file
- CMAs: Halifax, Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, Hamilton, Winnipeg, Calgary, Vancouver
- Formats: Excel files, SPSS files, GIS Shapefiles
- Variables: Average Individual Income \$, CMA Average \$, Ratio of CT Avg to CMA Avg each year

SECONDARY DATA HOLDINGS

Access to these datasets may or may not be restricted.

Neighbourhood Specific:

- South Parkdale Food Insecurity and Housing Survey Data for Singles and Families, 2006/2007
- Parkdale High-Rise rental survey 2010 building locations point data

City of Toronto

- Labour Force Survey Tables 1987-2016. Many tables in IVT format. Annual indicators for City of Toronto and Toronto CMA on industry, occupation, education, wage, age, sex, immigrants, etc. including cross-tabulations. From toronto.ca/open
- Municipal Licensing & Investigation Activity, Sept 9, 2016. Data on bylaw violations on all
 properties, interior and exterior. All active investigations plus those that closed within previous
 two years Have already geocoded and mapped the top/worst 300 properties.
- Airbnb short-term rental listings for City of Toronto, 2015-2016. Vancouver and Montreal data is
 also available for download. Date of listings varies by city. Mappable data with geographic
 coordinates. Includes type of unit: entire unit, private room, shared room. From
 http://insideairbnb.com/
- Toronto Police Calls for Service Annual Violent Crime Data 1998–2009 by Dissemination Area and Census Tracts. Includes breakdown by type of violent crime, victim's age and sex (often not available). Numerous maps and graphs of violent crime trends have been produced by the NCRP. Access to this data is restricted. Contact Rosemary Gartner, Centre for Criminology and Sociolegal Studies, University of Toronto for more information rosemary.gartner@utoronto.ca
- Head of Households Ontario Works Social Assistance Data 2004–2015 for City of Toronto 140
 neighborhoods. Data shows over 10 million cases of households receiving assistance (welfare)
 each month each year. Data stored in very large 2.5 gigabyte SPSS system file. Data is publically
 available on the City of Toronto Open Data website.
- City of Toronto Employment Survey Summary Tables 2004–2014. One large Excel file with 7 worksheet tables with various historical statistics on numbers of jobs and establishments with breakdowns by sector/industry and geography (districts).

- City of Toronto Licensed Child Care Centre Locations 2015. Locations are geocoded as points by address (N = 952). Attributes available include number of child care spaces and type of centre (commercial, non-profit or city-run). Data is from the City of Toronto Open Data website.
- Apartment Vacancy Rates 1970–2006
- Rooming House Locations 2004 point data. Also have the 2013 list of addresses but this has not been geocoded.
- Social Housing Locations 1999 plus the proportions of census tract 2001 or 2006 dwelling totals
- Evictions Applications 1998-2005 point data
- Housing Completions 1981–2005
- Tax Impact 2011 of Current Value Assessment on Residential Properties by Wards, data also interpolated down to census tract level by R. Maaranen, from http://www.toronto.on.ca/open
- Homeless Immigrants Database: Longitudinal Study of Homeless Immigrant Families, 2008
- Incarceration Database used to produce maps in John Howard Society 2010 report "Homeless and Jailed"
- Emergency and Inpatient Visits to Mount Sinai Hospital 2007-2008 point data (restricted)
- Child Injury data, 2002-2006 aggregated to census tracts. Investigator: Tanya Morton, UofT
- TTC bus and subway ridership and cost statistics 2005 and 2006
- Homicide Locations 1990–2013 from Toronto Star Interactive Crime Maps. Includes 1,493
 mapped locations, 37 of which I have manually repositioned due to totally wrong coordinates.
 Data is missing approximately 20 homicide locations (2%) compared to Toronto Police Statistical Reports.
- Crime Counts by Type 2004-20011 for Toronto's 140 Neighbourhoods from Toronto Star Interactive Crime Maps. Includes counts by year of Assault, Break & Enter, Drug Charges, Murder, Robbery, Sexual Assault, Stolen Vehicle, Theft Over \$5,000.
- Crime Counts by Type 2006 for Census Tracts 2006 in City of Toronto from Statistics Canada,
 Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Uniform Crime Reporting Survey 2006. Includes:
 Population at Risk (workers + residents), Violent Crime, Property Crime, Sexual Assault, Drug
 Offences, Shoplifting, Criminal Harassment, Uttering Threat, Minor Assault, Major Assault,
 Robbery, Theft from a Motor Vehicle, Theft of a Motor Vehicle, Break and Enter, Mischief, Other
 Theft.

Greater Toronto Area:

- Economic Bulletin for City of Toronto including CMA, 905 Region, GTA data, December 2016. Excel spreadsheet from City of Toronto Open Data website. Includes:
 - Labour Force Survey Source: Statistics Canada
 - Building Permit Data Source: Statistics Canada
 - o Tall Buildings Under Construction Source: Skyscraperpage.com & Emporis
 - List of Buildings Under Construction Source: Council on Tall Buildings and Urban Habitat
 - o Office Vacancy & Occupied Change Source: Cushman & Wakefield
 - o Industrial Vacancy & Occupied Change Source: Cushman & Wakefield
 - o Residential Housing Starts Canadian Mortgage & Housing Corporation (CMHC)
 - Residential High-Rise/Low-Rise Building Industry and Land Development Association (BILD)
 - o Average House Price Source: CMHC & Toronto Real Estate Board (TREB)
 - o Retail Trade Data Source: Statistics Canada
 - o Consumer Price Index Source: Statistics Canada
 - Business & Consumer Bankruptcies Source: Innovation, Science and Economic
 Development Canada Employment Insurance Recipients Source: Statistics Canada
 - Transportation Data Source: Toronto Transit Commission & Greater Toronto Airport Authority
- Average House Prices Data and Maps 1969–2009 from Toronto Star
- Map of Housing Price Change 2005–2007 from Toronto Star
- Map of Provincial Jail Costs by Neighbourhood, Toronto Region from Toronto Star 2008
- Housing Starts 2004–2006
- Annual Immigrant Flow 1996–2005
- Ethno-Racial Group Populations and Characteristics in Toronto 1971–2001 data tables in M.
 Ornstein 2006 report.
- Travel Behaviour and Commuting Patterns Data, 11 Neighbourhoods 1986–2001 from UofT graduate student research.
- Spacing Magazine Subscriptions locations, 2009 and 2012 point data
- Homicide locations 2005–2008 from Toronto Star, point data
- Grow-Op locations 2006–2007 from Toronto Star, point data

CMHC Housing Data

- CMHC Canada Wealth, Net Worth by Housing Tenure and Age 1999-2012. Table 22 from: https://www.cmhc-schl.gc.ca/en/hoficlincl/homain/stda/data/data_012.cfm
- CMHC Housing Starts by Structural Type and Market Type, CMAs 1988-2016 CANSIM Table
 027-0034. Tenure/market type includes homeowner, rental, condo, co-op, other market.
 - o Also see Canada Housing Starts by Structural Type 1955–2014 CANSIM Table 027-0008
- CMHC Average Rents by CMA 1987-2016 CANSIM Table 027-0040. Average rents for areas with a population of 10,000 and over, annual (dollars). Bachelor apartments, one bedrooms, two bedrooms, three bedrooms. Row, structures three units or more, structures six units or more.
- CMHC Vacancy Rates by CMA 1971-2016 CANSIM Table 027-0011. Private sector rental in structures six units or more. Vacancy rates can also be found in CMHC's online Housing Market Information Portal for smaller geographies (CSD, Zone) and more recent years only.
- CMHC Core Housing Need Online Data 2006, 2011 by Census Tracts.

<u>Available online for download/export</u>. Census 2006 and NHS 2011. Data is cross-tabulated by tenure, age of maintainers, household types, immigrant households, seniors, households with children, activity limitations, Aboriginal households, incomes, shelter costs, housing standards. Access the Housing Market Information Portal. https://www03.cmhc-schl.gc.ca/hmiportal

- CMHC Rental Market Survey (RMS) Zones boundary GIS shapefiles for Canada, annual 2010– 2015
- CMHC Rental Market Survey (RMS) Data Tables October 2014. Five large Excel tables covering CSDs, RMS zones and CTs. Limited to private sector rental in buildings three units or more. Thus this excludes rented condos, secondary suites, single rented houses, social housing.
 - 10.1 Units in Universe
 - 10.3 Vacancy Rates by Bedroom Type
 - 10.5 Units in Universe by Structure Size
 - 10.6 Average Rent by Bedroom Type
 - 10.7 Rent Quartiles by Bedroom Type

CMHC Rental Market Survey (RMS) Annual Data Tables 1995–2014.

Geographies: CMA Totals, CSDs, RMS Zones, Census Tracts, Toronto Parkdale totals. Ottawa and Gatineau treated as two separate CMAs.

File formats: delivered as HTML XML files (very large and slow to open), Richard converted to Excel XLSX (smaller)

Content:

- a) Average Rents(\$) and Number of Units in the Universe by Geography, Structure Age and Bedroom Type
- b) Average Rents(\$) and Number of Units in the Universe by Geography, Structure Size and Bedroom Type

Universe: Private rental, structures of three units or more. Excluding social housing, condos, etc. CMA/CT/CSD/RMS Zone boundaries are cross-sectional

Census Tract Boundaries:

1991 tracts used in the 1995–1997 surveys 1996 tracts used in 1998-2001 surveys 2001 tracts used in 2002-2006 surveys 2006 tracts for the 2007-2011 surveys 2011 tracts for 2012-2014.

Quality: High suppression at the CT level. For example, 60% of CTs in Toronto CMA with 2 bedroom row/apts present have the average rent suppressed.

- CMHC Core Housing Need Data Tables 2002–2010 Canada, Provinces, CMAs, Owners and Renters. Data derived by CMHC from Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics (SLID).
- CMHC Condo and Non-Condo Apartment Average Rents by Bedrooms 2005, Toronto, Montréal, Vancouver.

Other Data for Canadian Cities:

- Metro Vancouver Housing Data Book 2016. Income, market indicators, housing need, real
 estate prices etc. Much of this this is NHS based but not all. From http://metrovancouver.org
- MLS House Price Index 2005-2016, various CMAs/regions. Indexed to 2005 = 100. No dollar prices. Index given by Housing Type: Composite, Single Family, One Storey, Two Storey, Townhouse, and Apartment. Geographies: Vancouver island, Victoria, Lower Mainland BC, Greater Vancouver, Fraser Valley, Calgary, Regina, Saskatoon, Greater Toronto (but not the CMA), Ottawa, Greater Montreal, Greater Moncton. See http://www.homepriceindex.ca

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- Teranet and National Bank of Canada House Price Index 1990-2016, 11 CMAs. Based on a repeat sales methodology. Indexed to 2005 = 100. No dollar prices. Geography is CMA: Victoria, Vancouver, Calgary, Edmonton, Winnipeg, Hamilton, Toronto, Ottawa-Gatineau, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax. For more information, see http://www.housepriceindex.ca
- CMA Annual Population Estimates by Age and Sex, 2001-2015. CANSIM Table 051-0056.
- Residential Property Values 2005-2013 for Canada, Provinces, CMAs CANSIM Table 026-0018. For each year, it has the total values of all taxable residential properties. No other variables included. No CSD/CD/CT level data included. We have calculated property values per person each year (and adjusted for inflation) for all CMAs using CMA annual population estimates.
- Child Poverty T1FF Data 2013 for Canada, Provinces, CMAs and Federal Ridings (2003 boundaries). Excel file with poverty counts/rates for families, all persons and children 0-17 years. Includes breakdown by couples and lone parents. Poverty based on the Low-Income Measure (LIM). Federal riding boundaries were redrawn in 2013 for the 2015 election but this data is for the old 2003 boundaries. Data was purchased by Campaign 2000 Child Family Services Toronto. For permission to use, contact Anita Khanna at AnitaKH@familyservicetoronto.org
 http://www.campaign2000.ca/
- Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics (SLID) Public-use microdata file 2011 for Canada/CMAs.
 Data available back to 1993. This is a voluntary survey with a small sample size. Not mappable.
 Each observation is one person and they can be grouped into households. Contains owners/renters and immigrants. Does NOT include visible minority status or ethnicity.
 SLID ends in 2011. Replaced by Canadian Income Survey for 2012 onwards with different methodology that is not comparable.
- Canadian Business Patterns by Dissemination Area 2007–2011. Includes establishment counts by 6-digit NAICS (2007) codes and employment size ranges for all DAs in Canada. Also available for CMAs and CSDs. NAICS is the North American Industrial Classification System. Data has many applications. For example, Social Service establishments are listed as NAICS 624. Eight types of social services can be mapped by DA and the number of service providers per neighbourhood calculated. Distances to service providers can also be calculated and mapped.
- Local IDEAs Data Inventory list of data stored in the Indicators Database for Economic Analysis stored at the Munk School of Global Affairs, University of Toronto. Contact the Manager Greg Spencer greg.spencer@utoronto.ca for more details.

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- **Simplymap Canada 2015**. An online database that is available through the U of T Data Library that contains hundreds of variables are available down to the dissemination area and census tract level that can be exported to statistical or GIS software. Data is likely restricted to UofT faculty, staff and students http://simplymap.com.myaccess.library.utoronto.ca/login.html
 - O DEP Demographic Estimates 2015 and Projections
 - O HEP Household Expenditure Potential 2012
 - O D&B POI Business Point of Interest data with names, address, industry codes, etc.
 - PRIZM Consumer cluster system that segments consumers into 66 lifestyle clusters and
 18 social groups that are named and profiled.
- Household Income Expenditure 2012 (HEP) data for all census tracts in Canada. Variables include: total household income, average household income, total expenditures, average expenditures and the income-expenditure ratio. These are estimates produced by Environics from Statistics Canada's Household Spending Survey and their own demographic projections.
- High Income Trends of Taxfilers (e.g. Canada's Top 1 percent) in Canada 1982–2014 data for Canada, Provinces and CMAs. Beyond 20/20 data file from Statistics Canada that contains many statistics (totals, percentages, averages, etc.), income concepts (market income, total income, after-tax income, etc.) and income groups (top 1%, top 5%, bottom 99%, etc.) CANSIM Table 204-0001.
- **Geography-specific High Income Taxfilers 1982–2014** data for Canada, Provinces and CMAs. Instead of data on Canada's Top 1% who live in Toronto, Vancouver, etc. this file contains the same data for Toronto's Top 1%, Vancouver's Top 1%, etc. CANSIM Table 204-0002.
- After-Tax Median Incomes by Family Types 1976–2011 data for Canada, Provinces and CMAs.
 CANSIM Table 202-605.
- Low Income Rates in Canada After-Tax 1976–2013 Data Table. CANSIM Table 202-0804.
- Average Family Income Percentiles (Market Income and After-Tax Income) for Canada 1976–2004 from Andrew Heisz (2007) "Income Inequality and Redistribution in Canada 1976–2004".
 Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 11F0019MIE No. 298.
- Income Trends in Canada and 15 CMAs by Statistics Canada, 1976–2006. Many data tables. See: http://datalib.chass.utoronto.ca/codebooks/dsp/itc.htm
- Union Coverage rates, Canadian CMAs 1997–2002. From "Solidarity Forever? An Analysis of Changes in Union Density" in Just Labour, vol.4. (summer 2004).

- Canada Immigration Facts and Figures 1998–2012. Various data tables.
- Canada Immigration Statistics 1971, 1981, 1991. Various data tables.

Canada and Provinces:

- Survey of Household Spending. Canada and provinces.
 - o Microdata 1997 data file in SPSS format.
 - o CANSIM Table 384-0041 (1981 to 2015) Detailed household final consumption expenditure, provincial and territorial, annual (dollars x 1,000,000)
 - CANSIM Table 203-0022 (2010 to 2015) Survey of household spending (SHS), household spending, Canada, regions and provinces, by household income quintile, annual (dollars)
 - CANSIM Table 203-0024 (2010 to 2015) Survey of household spending (SHS), household spending, by household tenure, annual (dollars)
- Canada Annual Household Distribution Tables (AHDT) by Income Quintile 2012-2015
 (provisional estimates). Released December 2016. These tables cross-tabulate national assets,
 liabilities and wealth, net worth by income quintile each year 2012-2015. Data not currently in
 CANSIM. Data was acquired by emailing Statistics Canada at statcan.nead-info-dcen-nead-info-dcen-nead-info-dcen.statcan@canada.ca
- Unionization Rates by Industry 1997-2015 CANSIM Table 282-0078. Labour force survey estimates (LFS), employees by union coverage, North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), sex and age group, annual (persons x 1,000)
- Permanent & Temporary Employment by Industry 1997-2015 CANSIM Table 282-0079. Labour
 force survey estimates (LFS), employees by job permanency, North American Industry
 Classification System (NAICS), sex and age group, unadjusted for seasonality, monthly (persons)
- Household Debt, Mortgage and Consumer Credit, Disposable Incomes 1961-2016.
- CANSIM Table 380-0073 Selected indicators Households, quarterly (dollars unless otherwise noted)
- CANSIM Table 380-0019 Sector accounts, persons and unincorporated businesses, annual (dollars unless otherwise noted)
- CANSIM Table 378-0051 National balance sheet, persons and unincorporated business, annual (dollars x 1,000,000)
- CANSIM Table 378-0121 National Balance Sheet Accounts, quarterly (dollars x 1,000,000)

- Mortgage Interest Rates 1951-2016. CANSIM Table 027-0015. Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation, conventional mortgage lending rate, 5-year term, monthly (percent)
- Mortgage Credit 1969-2016. CANSIM Table 176-0069. Residential mortgage credit, outstanding balances of major private institutional lenders, Bank of Canada, monthly (dollars x 1,000,000)
- Employment (Jobs) by Industry 1976-2015. CANSIM Table 282-0008. Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), sex and age group, annual (persons unless otherwise noted)
- Gross Domestic Product 1997-2015 by Industry. CANSIM Table 379-0031. Gross domestic product (GDP) at basic prices, by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), monthly (dollars x 1,000,000).
- Consumer Price Indexes 1914-2016. CANSIM Table 326-020. Monthly Jan 1914 to Oct 2016. Used to adjust current dollars to constant 2016 (or any other year) dollars over a long time period. Note the Bank of Canada website has an easy to use inflation calculator.
- Gini Coefficients for Canada and Provinces 1976–2013.
 - CANSIM Table 202-0709 Gini coefficients of market, total and after-tax income of individuals, where each individual is represented by their adjusted household income, by economic family type, annual (number).
 - CANSIM Table 202-0705 market, total and after-tax income, by economic family type, annual (number)
- Welfare Incomes by Provinces 1986–2007 data and graphs.
- Minimum wages in Canada Provinces 1965–2014 data. See:
 http://labour.gc.ca
 http://srv116.services.gc.ca/dimt-wid/sm-mw/rpt2.aspx?lang=eng&dec=1
- Rental Housing Production, Private and Social, 1950–1999 data and graphs.
- Canada Government Expenditures and Revenues 1961–2014. Data and graphs on surplus, deficit, revenue/spending as percent of GDP, unemployment benefits, transfer payments. From Finance Department http://www.fin.gc.ca
- Public Social Expenditures, Six Countries 1980–2001 data and graphs.

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- Government Social Spending 12 Western Nations 2007 data and graphs.
- Income Shares of Top Income Groups, Canada 1920–2007 from Worlds Top Income Database http://g-mond.parisschoolofeconomics.eu/topincomes/

GIS Spatial Data

- Peel Region Data Centre Geospatial Data Inventory (2015). Series of PDF files covering topics
 such as building permits, child care centres, draft plans of subdivisions, floodplains, geocoded
 address points, landmarks, parks, places of worship, rail lines, region owned lands, schools and
 more.
- City of Toronto Neighbourhood Improvement Areas (2014) GIS Shapefiles. These 31 neighbourhoods succeed the Priority Areas identified in 2005.
- **City of Toronto Centreline file March 2015.** Shows all roads in Toronto with address ranges. Useful for geocoding by street address matching.
- CMHC Rental Market Survey (RMS) Zones boundary GIS shapefiles for Canada, annual 2010–2015
- Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources Built-Up Area 2010 Boundary file of built-up covering southern Ontario. No attributes given. The non-built area as the inverse has been created from this data for the entire Toronto CMA. Accuracy seems to be superior to the DMTI Land Use Data.
- Ontario Green Belt Plan 2005 from Ontario Municipal Affairs and Housing. This includes the Niagara Escarpment and Oak Ridges Moraine polygon features which can be displayed on maps.
- Boroughs of Montréal boundaries, 2011. There are 19 boroughs on the island of Montréal. They are smaller than census subdivisions but larger than census tracts. The 19 boroughs plus a few independent municipalities (census subdivisions) cover the entire island.
- City of Toronto 140 Neighbourhood boundaries and the Priority Neighbourhoods 2005
- City of Toronto Ward boundaries
- City of Toronto Residential and Non-residential area boundaries, 2002
- CanMap Route Logistics Highways and Roads 2010 from DMTI, Alberta, B.C., Ontario, Manitoba, Québec, Nova Scotia. Extracted routes within all the major CMAs. Highways include interchanges/ramps.

- Land Use Data 2005 and 2010 from the DMTI CanMap Route Logistics dataset. Available for all provinces. Land use categories include: Commercial; Government and Institutional; Open Area; Parks and Recreational; Residential; Resource and Industrial; Waterbody. Detail best for urban areas. Many classification errors were found in this data.
- Neighbourhood and Community boundaries 2012 (including descriptive names) from DMTI.
 Data limited to urban areas with large spatial gaps in rural areas, most CMAs in Canada included.
 Derived from variety of sources, not based on census geography. In City of Toronto for example, it shows over 300 neighbourhoods.
- Platinum Postal Code Suite 2012 from DMTI. Contains postal code representative points, local
 delivery unit boundaries, forward sortation area boundaries for the whole country. Some
 attributes are different from the Statistics Canada postal code conversion file.
- Toronto Electoral Subdivisions 2006
- Food Retail Locations, City of Toronto 2005. Investigator: Sharon Kirkpatrick, UofT.
- Toronto Real Estate Board Zones 2002
- Transportation Tomorrow Survey Boundary Files and Data 1989–2006 http://maps.library.utoronto.ca/cgi-bin/files.pl?idnum=1097
- Subway and Rapid Transit lines: Toronto, Montréal, Vancouver, Calgary, Edmonton, Ottawa
- Transit stop point locations, Route Shapes and Service Frequency data from Google Transit Feed Data (June/July 2013) for Toronto (TTC, Go Transit and York Region), Montréal (island plus Laval, Longueuil and AMT commuter rail), Vancouver, Hamilton, Calgary, Edmonton, Halifax, Winnipeg, Ottawa (Ontario side only), Québec City, Thunder Bay, Brampton, Waterloo region, Guelph, Kamloops, Kelowna, Victoria.

For more information, see:

http://code.google.com/p/googletransitdatafeed/ http://www.gtfs-data-exchange.com/agencies/bylocation

- GO Bus Stop locations for the Greater Toronto Area from Metrolinx in 2013.
- TTC Bus Routes lines 2012.

OTHER DATA SOURCES

Canada

Canada Open Government Data Portal

http://open.canada.ca

Census of Canada 2016

http://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/index-eng.cfm?HPA=1

Statistics Canada - Canadian Socioeconomic Database (CANSIM)

http://www5.statcan.gc.ca/cansim/home-accueil?lang=eng

Scholars Geoportal – GIS data including historical Census boundaries http://geo2.scholarsportal.info/

The Scholars GeoPortal is a hardware and software infrastructure that provides access to large scale geospatial datasets, as well as sophisticated search, discovery and analysis tools to make the data readily available to Ontario researchers. Resources include data licensed by Ontario academic libraries, such as land-based vector data (water, cultural features, etc.), census geography, and orthophotography.

Anyone who is affiliated with an Ontario university interested in using geospatial data for mapping or GIS analysis will find the GeoPortal a useful resource.

The portal has been created for the academic community for teaching and research, including educators, researchers, students, faculty, and staff. The geospatial data available from the portal can be downloaded and imported into Geographic Information System (GIS) software for mapping and analysis purposes. The portal provides many options for selecting data by location and feature type, as well as file type and projection. Mapping tools allow users to create map images "on the fly".

Comparisons of Countries

Bank for International Settlements – financial data on household debt, house prices, other. We have made some charts from the data.

http://www.bis.org

World Bank Open Data - free and open access to data about development in countries http://data.worldbank.org

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OECD Data - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, data on countries. Many indicators available: income inequality, debt, house prices, interest rates, home ownership, GDP, etc. We have made some charts from the data.

http://www.oecd.org

World Incomes Database

http://g-mond.parisschoolofeconomics.eu/topincomes/

Luxembourg Income Study Database (LIS)

LIS is a cross-national data center which serves a global community of researchers, educators, and policy makers. LIS acquires datasets with income, wealth, employment, and demographic data from a large number of countries, harmonises them to enable cross-national comparisons, and makes them available for public use by providing registered users with remote access.

LIS, located in Luxembourg, is home to the *Luxembourg Income Study Database* and the *Luxembourg Wealth Study Database*. These databases contain harmonised microdata from high- and middle-income countries around the world.

http://www.lisdatacenter.org/

OECD Adult Skills Survey Microdata for Canada and United States 2011–2012 Survey

Includes variables about education, skills, income of individuals and their parents. Useful for social mobility, outcome analysis.

http://www.oecd.org/site/piaac/publicdataandanalysis.htm

Housing Sales and Affordability

OECD Affordable Housing Database - we have made some charts from the data http://www.oecd.org/social/affordable-housing-database.htm

MLS House Price Index - we have made some charts from the data http://homepriceindex.ca

Teranet House Price Index – we have made some charts from the data http://housepriceindex.ca

Housing Sales Data from Toronto Real Estate Board

http://www.torontorealestateboard.com/

Housing Affordability Data from Canadian Housing and Mortgage Corporation http://www.cmhc.ca/

CMHC Mapping/Data Portal

http://www.cmhc.ca/hmiportal

Well-Being and Poverty

Ontario Health Profiles: www.ontariohealthprofiles.ca

We provide health and health-related indicators in two basic forms:

Community-level health indicators - this micro-data provides detailed statistics about populations living in communities by sex and relevant age-groups for each health indicator. We also provide information about how the community compares with the overall geography values and whether this difference is meaningful. These data are available in pdf and table format.

Ontario-wide health indicators - this macro-data provides an overview of how different communities within Ontario compare with each other with respect to specific health indicators. These data are shown on maps with different colours representing different values across communities.

Lots of health related data and maps by neighbourhoods and LIHN (Local Health Integrated Network neighbourhoods) geography. No CT level data.

City of Toronto Neighbourhood Improvement Areas 2014 (NIAs)

http://www1.toronto.ca/wps/portal/contentonly?vgnextoid=e0bc186e20ee0410VgnVCM10000071d60f89RCRD

Toronto Vital Signs from Toronto Community Foundation http://www.tcf.ca/

Well Being Indicator Mapping for City of Toronto Neighbourhoods http://map.toronto.ca/wellbeing/

Urban Heart - Toronto Community Health Profileshttp://www.torontohealthprofiles.ca/urbanheartattoronto.php

Poverty Rates and Welfare Incomes from National Council of Welfare http://www.ncwcnbes.net/

Toronto Poverty Research Reports from United Way Toronto http://www.unitedwaytoronto.com/

City of Toronto Poverty Ward Profiles from Social Planning Toronto http://www.socialplanningtoronto.org/

City of Toronto Social Atlas / Neighbourhood Demographic Profiles http://www.toronto.ca/demographics/atlas.htm Page 82 of 84

Urban Poverty Project from Canadian Council on Social Development http://www.ccsd.ca/pubs/2007/upp/index.htm

Social Determinants of Health, Canadian Best Practices Portal

http://cbpp-pcpe.phac-aspc.gc.ca/public-health-topics/social-determinants-of-health/

Transportation

Traffic / Commuting Data from Transportation Tomorrow Surveys
Data Management Group, Joint Program in Transportation
http://www.jpint.utoronto.ca/dmg/

Metrolinx Ontario

http://www.metrolinx.com/en/

Commercial Activity

Retail Data from Centre for Study of Commercial Activity, Ryerson University http://www.csca.ryerson.ca/

Income Inequality and Employment

Income Inequality Research from Canadian Centre for Policy Alternatives: http://www.growinggap.ca

City of Toronto Place of Work / Employment Area Profiles http://www.toronto.ca/invest-in-toronto/census.htm

Municipal Data

City of Toronto Open Data (many other cities also have their own Open Data website) http://www.toronto.ca/open

Metro Vancouver Regional Planning Data

http://www.metrovancouver.org/services/regional-planning/data-statistics/annual-planning-data/Pages/default.aspx

Immigrants

Canada Citizenship and Immigration Facts and Figures
http://www.cic.gc.ca/english/resources/statistics/menu-fact.asp

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Immigrants and related data to make your own maps at the Community SPO Atlas of Large Canada Urban Centres

http://www.integration-net.ca:81/atlas/index-e.php

CERIS Metropolis Research on Immigrants

http://www.ceris.metropolis.net/

Education

School Achievement Data and Student Population Characteristics from Ontario Ministry of Education http://www.edu.gov.on.ca/eng/

Urban Prosperity

Natalie P. Voorhees Center for Neighbourhood and Community Improvement, University of Illinois at Chicago

http://www.voorheescenter.com/

Urban Research from the Martin Prosperity Institute

http://martinprosperity.org/

FCM Quality of Life Reporting System Database on Canadian Municipalities

To Access Data click on Municipal Data Collection -> View Tool. Login with Guest Account. Click View Data.

Data Tables Available: Homelessness, Social Housing, Child Care, Recreation, Culture, Long Term Care, Solid Waste, Water Quality, Municipal Elections.

Also see the Reporting Tool to view graphs of data by municipality but no access to download raw data. http://www.municipaldata-donneesmunicipales.ca/

Neptis GEOWEB for the Ontario Greater Golden Horseshoe

Free online GIS mapping service focused on the topics of land use, agriculture, the environment and transportation.

http://www.neptis.org/

http://www.neptisgeoweb.org/

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Miscellaneous Help

University of Toronto Map Library GIS Help

http://mdl.library.utoronto.ca/content/map-and-data-library-helpsheets

University of Waterloo Library GIS Help

http://www.lib.uwaterloo.ca/locations/umd/digital/tutorials.html

ColorBrewer Color Advice

http://colorbrewer2.org/

Bank of Canada Inflation Calculator

http://www.bankofcanada.ca/rates/related/inflation-calculator/